San Francisco.
W. SPAULDING,
hing & Repairing
ABLISHMENT,
pont St., between Front
d Battery,
FRANCISCO
DING'S PATENT FARM TRUCK
CULAR SAWS
, in all its branches, such as G-
raight rip saws, &c
SAWS, of all sizes; also Cross-cut saw
Buck, Butcher, and Hand-Saws of all
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erchants, Portland, Oregon, are
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same rates as if sent to the office.
LIESENFELD'S
TABLE MANUFACTORY,
RKET STREET, SAN FRANCISCO.
Sole Ag
On the Pacific Coa
LAN & COLLENDER'S
N BEVELED TABLE, patented Nov
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and the celebrated Combination
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patent Bagatelle, called
, 1872.
R. WONSERIG
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AWKINS, Agent and M
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Wholesale Agents, Portland.
RYMEN, REV. A. C
AND CABINET-MAKER,
OLD COMPANY'S
Creek, Oak and Bulk
PIG IRON.
ith great care for
J. H. MOULTON,
Pacific, San Francisco.
L. P. FISHER,
RTISING AGENT
20 & 21 Merchants' Exch
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ADVERTISEMENTS AND
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ON YOUR
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KEELER & Co.,
PACIFIC COAST
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and R. ding st., New York, a
W. R. and Co., Bankers of
and Co., Bankers of Nape
NDS OF MERCHANDISE
And for the sale of
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New York N Y Nath
J. L. Brown
San Francisco Jas. B
and Co., Bankers of Nape


# Morning Oregonian.

VOL XIII. PORTLAND, OREGON TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1873. NO 31


## The Daily Oregonian.

PUBLISHED BY

THE OREGONIAN PUBLISHING CO.

THE MORNING OREGONIAN is published every morning, except Sunday, and delivered by carriers in Portland at 25 cents a week. Single copies, 10 cents. By Mail or Express, to any part of the State at $10 per annum in advance; $5 for six months; $3 for three months. Semi-Weekly rates.

THE WEEKLY OREGONIAN, containing a selection of the best matter in the Daily, will be published every Thursday morning and forwarded by Mail to any part of the State at $2 per annum, $1 for six months, and $1 for three months, in advance.

Papers discontinued at the end of the time for which they are paid. Subscribers should renew at least five days before the date printed upon the address label.

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DR. MARY A. THOMSON,
PHYSICIAN AND ACCOUCHEUR.
OFFICE & OFFICE—Third st., between Salmon and Main, opposite the Public Square. Calls attended in any part of the City. Batteries for sale and instruction on the use of electricity as a Remedial Agent.

DR. C. ROSENK,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON & ACCOUCHEUR,
FIRST STREET, BET. OAK AND PINE (Robinson Block).
WILL GUARANTY ALL GALVANICAL MANIPULATIONS, and Operations of any kind

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And Solicitors in Bankruptcy.
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Special attention paid to collections.

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Office—First St., bet. Band C.

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LIVERY & HACK STABLE
Cor. Second and Morrison Sts.
L. A. GODDARD, Proprietor.
THE FINEST STOCK IN THE CITY.
HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD AND BOARDED AT REASONABLE RATES.
HACKS FOR FUNERALS REDUCED TO $5 00.

J. M. FISK,
Lawyer and Metallurgist,
No. 20 Stark st., bet. First and Second.
HIGH PRICE PAID FOR GOLD DUST & BARS. Assaying with care, and Buying of Gold and Silver Ores, Gold and Silver Bullion, Nickel, Chrome, Platinum, Iridium, Quicksilver, Lime and other metals. Analyzing Waters and all other substances.

L. THERKELSEN,
Carpenter & Builder,
Cor. First and Taylor sts., bet Sixth and Seventh.
Residence, Cor. Seventh and Alder Streets.

WALTER BROS.'
Carpet Emporium!
No. 51 Front St.

Baths, Baths!
AT
FLEISCHNER BROTHERS'
NEXT TO THE POST OFFICE.
HOT, COLD, STEAM, SULPHUR AND MEDICATED BATHS.
Private entrance for Ladies on Alder st., Front and First. 12dtf

S. A. SEYMOUR, BROKER.
NOTARY PUBLIC.
20 STARK STREET, BET. FIRST AND SECOND.
Real Estate Bought and Sold and Legal Papers Executed.
SINGLE and SINGLE BLOCKS and LOTS for sale in Scott's Addition, Couch's only.

KRUMBEIN & GILBERT
ARCHITECTS AND DRAUGHTSMEN
OFFICE—CRUM'S BUILDING,
Stark street, bet. Front and First,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

A. GOODNOUGH,
Contractor & Builder,
NORTH FRONT STREET, BET B AND C.

OTTO TREUER,
No. 1 North Front Street.
DEALER IN WINES AND LIQUORS, AND MANufacturer of Syrups, Cordials, Bitters, etc., etc. Agent for John Welland's Philadelphia Brewery, San Francisco Beer by the Keg or Bottle Goods delivered to any part of the city. a23dtf

Gem Saloon.
THE UNDERSIGNED RESPECTFULLY TO INFORM MY OLD friends and the public that I have again assumed the management of the above favorite resort, and can be found, as heretofore, to serve my patrons.
Portland, May 1, 1873. C. A. BURCHARDT. 2dtf

## River Steamers.

OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S
STEAMBOATS.
NOTICE.
FROM AND AFTER THURSDAY May 1st, the steamer
E. N. COOKE
Will LEAVE OREGON CITY on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday at 8:30 A. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday at 10 A. M.—connecting with steamer DAYTON through to Portland. Returning, will LEAVE
Portland for Oregon City at 4 P. M.

Passengers for LAFAYETTE and all intermediate places will take CARS at 8:15 A. M., connecting at Canemah with steamer Dayton on Tuesday and Friday

THROUGH TICKETS sold at the office of the O. & C. R. R. Co. at REDUCED RATES.

All Freight by this line delivered to consignees FREE OF DRAYAGE
Freight received until 5 P. M.
J. D. BILES, Agent.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION CO'S
NOTICE!
STEAMBOATS OF THE COMPANY WILL leave Portland as follows:
FOR DALLES—Daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock A. M.
FOR WALLULA—Monday and Friday at 5 A. M.
FOR LEWISTON—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
FOR KOSTICELLO, WESTPORT and CATHLAMET—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 6 A. M.
FOR ASTORIA—Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6 o'clock A. M.
J. C. AINSWORTH, President.

W. L. T. COPE,
BALSAMER
GOV. GROVER!
WILL LEAVE FLANDER'S WHARF EVERY
Monday and Thursday Morning
At 6 o'clock,
FOR CORVALLIS
AND INTERMEDIATE LANDINGS.
Freight and Passage at REDUCED RATES. No wastage or brakeage. B. GOLDSMITH, Pres't

For Lewis River, St. Helens and Monticello.
THE STEAMER MARIA WILKINS WILL leave the American Exchange Wharf, for the above places, three times a week
MONDAY, WEDNESDAY AND FRIDAY,
At 7 o'clock, A. M.
Freight to Monticello, $1 50 per ton.
Apply to the Captain on board. al6tf
The MARIE WILKINS will be hauled off for repairs until the 15th May.

## Railroads.

OREGON & CALIFORNIA R. R. CO.
DAILY TRAINS WILL RUN BETWEEN
PORTLAND AND ROSEBURG
As follows.

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE |
|---|---|---|
| Portland | 6:15 A.M. | Roseburg 7:15 P.M. |
| Roseburg | 6:15 A.M. | Portland 4:20 P.M. |

Express Trains (with Passenger Cars attached) run daily (Sunday excepted) between
PORTLAND AND JUNCTION
As follows:

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE |
|---|---|---|
| Portland | 6:15 A.M. | Junction 6:00 P.M. |
| Junction | 6:45 A.M. | Portland 6:00 P.M. |

Close connections are made at ROSEBURG with the Stages of the Oregon and California Stage Company
Tickets for sale to all the principal points in Oregon, California and the East at Company's Office.
Cor. F and Front sts., at the Ferry Landing, Portland.
Storage will be charged on all freight remaining in Warehouse over 24 hours.
FREIGHT will not be received for shipment after 5 o'clock, P. M.
J. C. HILDEBRAND, A. A. Supt. H. HENDRICKEN, Gen'l Supt.
E. P. ROGERS, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

THE OREGON CENTRAL R. R. CO.
WILL, ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 5, 1873, and until further notice, run FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAINS from
PORTLAND TO ST. JOSEPH,
Connecting at Corneliusville with Stages for Forest Grove, at St. Joseph for all points South and West—Lafayette, McMinnville, Amity, Monmouth, Independence, Buena Vista and Corvallis.

| LEAVE | | ARRIVE |
|---|---|---|
| Portland | 6:00 A.M. | St. Joseph 9:00 A.M. |
| St. Joseph | 10:00 A.M. | Portland 1:00 P.M. |

Freight received at the Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, and will not be received for shipment after 5 P.M.
J. C. HILDRETH, Gen'l Supt.
J. GASTON, Freight and Passenger Agent.

THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND AND PACIFIC RAILROAD.
The Great Central Iowa Short Line
OVERLAND ROUTE,
With its Connections East and West, is the
Shortest, Quickest and Best Route
BETWEEN THE
Pacific and Atlantic,
VIA
Des Moines, Rock Island and Chicago.
THE ONLY ROUTE CARRYING THE THROUGH OVERLAND LOCKER MAIL! making close and reliable connections at OMAHA with trains arriving from the West by
THE CENTRAL AND UNION PACIFIC RAILROADS,
AND AT CHICAGO
With all FAST EXPRESS TRAINS East, North & South.
The most Elegantly Furnished PARLOR SLEEPING CARS ever used on any Railroad are now built, owned, and run by this Co between Omaha and Chicago.
Through Tickets to all points East can be obtained at OREGON & CALIFORNIA R R OFFICE, Portland, Oregon,
And at C. P. R. R. offices in San Francisco and Sacramento.
Be Sure Your Tickets Read via Rock Island.
A. M. SMITH,
General Passenger Agent, Chicago.
HUGH RIDDLE, Genl Supt, Chicago
WM. H. STEELE, Passenger Agent, San Francisco

STAGE LINES.
COLUMBIA RIVER & PUGET SOUND
MAIL LINE.
GEORGE COGGAN, Proprietor.
THE ONLY REGULAR LINE RUNNING BY ARRANGEMENT, and in connection with the PUGET SOUND STEAM NAVIGATION CO., N. P. R. R. CO and O. & N. CO., between Sound points, Victoria and Portland.
THIS IS THE ONLY STAGE LINE selling THROUGH tickets over those several lines, and carrying passengers on their tickets
Passengers, by purchasing THROUGH TICKETS save time and trouble, and secure the best conveyances, by the only line by which these connections can be relied on. The small reduction made by recalled opposition stage lines cannot benefit THROUGH PASSENGERS, as the local fare over the N. P. R. R. and other lines exceed the reduction made by the opposition
Through tickets can be obtained in Portland at O. S. N. Co's office, Olympia at C. COGGAN'S STAGE office, and on board the P. S. N. Co's steamers
OUR AGENTS on trains will take charge of baggage and freight for stages, in waiting at Tenino
Buggies, Carriages and other private conveyances can be secured by telegraphing to the Agent at the Stage office at Olympia N. PIERCE, Agent

BURTON & WILLIAMS,
ARCHITECTS & SUPERINTENDENT
HOOK No. 17,
DEKUM'S BUILDING.

## Banks.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK
OF PORTLAND.
DESIGNATED DEPOSITARY AND FINANCIAL AGENT, U. S
President..... HENRY FAILING.
Cashier..... JAMES STEEL.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN COIN OR CURRENCY, subject to check at sight
INTEREST ALLOWED on Time Deposits of Coin.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued available in the Atlantic Cities.
SIGHT EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS, payable in Coin or Currency, for sale on
NEW YORK, SAN FRANCISCO,
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS.
SIGHT or SIXTY DAY BILLS drawn in sums to suit, direct on
LONDON, PARIS,
BERLIN, FRANKFORT ON THE MAIN.

Savings! Savings!
FIRST
NATIONAL BANK OF PORTLAND.
SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.
THIS BANK HAS ESTABLISHED IN CONNECTION with the general Banking business a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT, and will allow Interest on Coin Deposits made in accordance with the conditions adopted by the Association.
In establishing a SAVINGS DEPARTMENT this Banking Association has in view the benefits to accrue to a class of persons having small sums to loan, by providing a safe place of deposit, ample security and fair rate of interest, as well as to aggregate and bring into use idle capital.
For the safety of deposits in this Bank are pledged its entire capital and resources, and also the personal liability of its Directors and Stockholders, as provided by Section 12 of the National Currency Act, approved June 3, 1864, a greater security than that given by ordinary Savings Banks. Printed copies of the conditions upon which deposits are received may be had upon application at the Bank.
HENRY FAILING, President.
JAMES STEEL, Cashier
Directors:
HENRY FAILING, HENRY W. CORBETT,
L. H. WAKEFIELD, JOSIAH FAILING,
JAMES STEEL.

THE BANK
OF
BRITISH COLUMBIA
Incorporated by Royal Charter.
Paid up Capital.....$1,562,500.
WITH POWER TO INCREASE TO
$10,000,000.
HEAD OFFICE 6 EAST INDIA AVENUE, LONDON
HALL STREET, LONDON.
BRANCHES.
IN VANCOUVER ISLAND, VICTORIA
COLUMBIA, SAN FRANCISCO and PORTLAND.
AGENCIES,
IN NEW YORK, CANADA, SCOTLAND & IRELAND.
Exchange for sale on
England, Ireland, Scotland, New York & Canada.
INTEREST ALLOWED on TIME DEPOSITS at the rate of SIX (6) PER CENT. PER ANNUM for periods of three months and upwards.
Approved Bills discounted or Collected. Loans made on available collaterals.
EDWIN RUSSELL, Manager.

LADD & TILTON,
BANKERS.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED AND ACCOUNT KEPT subject to Check or Draft.
INTEREST allowed on TIME DEPOSITS or TRUST FUNDS for a term of One Dollar and upwards from Date of Deposit.
MONEY LOANED on approved Security.
BONDS, STOCKS and other valuables received on Deposit for safe keeping.
COLLECTIONS made and proceeds promptly remitted.
INVESTMENTS in U. S. and State and other property made for parties.
SIGHT and Telegraphic Exchange on San Francisco and the Atlantic States for sale.
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES bought and sold.
AGENTS for the transaction of all kinds of Financial and Trust Business.

HARDWARE, IRON AND STEEL.
CORBETT FAILING & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
HENRY FAILING AND R. W. CORBETT & BROTHER,
IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HARDWARE,
CUTLERY,
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
IRON and STEEL,
ROPE, ETC., ETC.
Agents for the Sale of
DUPONT'S GUNPOWDER.
Nos. 53 & 55 Front St.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

JOHN R. FOSTER
CORNER FRONT AND STARK STS.,
DEALER IN
Howe's Platform & Counter Scales,
THE BEST IN USE.
SHELF AND BUILDERS' HARDWARE
MECHANICS' TOOLS,
TABLE AND POCKET CUTLERY,
MINERS' GOODS,
NAILS, ROPE, SHOVELS, ANVILS, AXES, ETC., ETC.
All of which is offered at Lowest Rates.
He invites buyers to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
Would invite particular attention of buyers of Builders Hardware and House Trimmings, either at WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

## Grocers.

FRANK HACHENEY. E. J. W. STEMME.
Hacheney & Stemme
THE OREGON SEED DEPOT!
COR. MAIN AND FIRST STS.
Our Fresh Stock
HAS ARRIVED.
The Greatest Variety in the State
CALL AND SELECT.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
ALSO A
FULL LINE OF GROCERIES!
FRESHEST DAIRY PRODUCE AND VEGETABLES

J. F. CLARKE & CO.
Are prepared to furnish any quality or quantity of
FEED, FLOUR,
GROCERIES, BACON, HAMS,
HAY, STRAW,
SHINGLES, DOORS AND WINDOWS.
FRESH ROLL BUTTER received weekly. All orders delivered promptly to any part of the city free of charge.

## OREGON.

R. H. Cardwell, formerly of this city, is now agent for Wells, Fargo & Co.'s Express at Baker City.

Little Tommy Levins, of Baker City, tried to pick the composition out of a giant percussion cap, and has mother tenderly buried his forefinger.

Bishop Morris is expected to be at La Grande next Sunday. It is proposed to organize a church at that place, of the denomination represented by the Bishop.

The Farmers' Club at Amsville, Marion county, has elected B. A. Witzel an delegate to the adjourned meeting of the State Convention to be held at Salem in June

Baker City had a visit from some Warm Spring Indians last week, and their appearance excited the people somewhat at first, but they soon became satisfied that he came without hostile intent, and all was quiet.

Silver Lodge No. 36, I. O. of G. T., elected last Lodge night W. R. Dunbar and W. H. Lewis as representatives to Grand Lodge at Albany, to meet in June next. L. F. Mescher and Fones Wilbur were chosen as alternates.

Three men, while engaged in digging a grave in Umatilla county, on Sunday, the 23d ult., had a fight, in which they all are said to have taken a lively hand. To fight at all is bad; to fight on Sunday is worse; but to fight on Sunday, while engaged as these men were said to have been, is acting about as near like heathens as possible.

On the 7th inst. Governor Grover telegraphed Gen. John E. Ross, of Jacksonville as follows: "Besides the men sent you, Baker will raise a separate company in Douglas county. These, with Mason's company in the Basin, I think will be enough. Gilfrey is filling Brook's requisitions for supplies in Portland to day. Baker will outfit his men in Roseburg."

A correspondent of the Jacksonville *Sentinel*, traveling from Kelton to Boise, found at the Raft River Station, in the stable, a warm fire made of merchandise which had doubtless been stolen. Some of the goods were addressed to the following parties: P. Prettyman, Portland, Oregon; J. G. Basket, Dallas, Polk county, Oregon; John Burnett, Starr's Point, Benton county, Oregon; C. Hughes, Kerbyville, Oregon; S. Ellsworth, Eugene City, Oregon.

Dwellers by the Tumalum in Umatilla county have for about a year been "lawing" with those whose ranches lie on certain branches of the Walla Walla as to the right of the latter to have all the water to flow by their premises. At a late term of the Circuit Court at Pendleton it was decided that the waters should be divided and one-half be allowed to meander the bed of the Tumalum and the other half should find its way through the channel of the Walla Walla to the lordly Columbia.

Experiments made at the Salem mills show that the Chile club wheat received from Lane county is superior in quality and makes better flour than the same kind of wheat raised elsewhere, and the grains are plumper and better. This is more important because experience at these Salem mills has shown that Lane county does not usually produce from other varieties of wheat as good milling quality as some other parts of this valley; it is therefore apparent, that the Chile club is a variety which the farmers of Lane county can raise to the best advantage, and which the soil there peculiarly favors.

The Baker City *Democrat* of the 7th says: "The ranchmen on Burnt river are sending their families to more secure places than they, at present, consider their homes to be. Indians are plenty, and very impudent and saucy, on Burnt river, in Oregon, and on Snake river, near the mouth of the Weiser, in Idaho." The same paper says: "From Judge McFarland, just down from Farewell Bend on Snake river, we learn that the Indians in that section are very insolent, and that the settlers in Burnt river and Willow creek valleys anticipate trouble with them. Hegan and seven warriors were at Miller's Station the day the Judge left."

### Are Railroads Subject to State Control?

The St. Paul (Minn.) *Press* says upon this question:

The Supreme Court of the United States recently rendered a decision in the case of Olcott vs. Fond du Lac county, Wisconsin, which if its scope is not unduly enlarged by newspaper reports, seems to settle the question that States have the right to regulate the management and the rates of transportation on railroads built by their authority. The suit was to compel the county to pay the interest on bonds in aid of a railroad which it had repudiated. The attorney for the plaintiff, Mr. Carpenter, claimed that railroads are public highways, subject at all times to legislative control as to their management, freight tariffs, &c., and for that reason might be aided by the power of eminent domain, and also by taxation at the discretion of the Legislature. The attorneys for the county denied that railroads could be regarded as highways for the purpose of raising money by taxation to aid in their construction.

The Supreme Court of the State had held the latter view. The U. S. Circuit Court held this decision to be binding on the United States Court. The Supreme Court of the United States reversed this decision of the Circuit Court, for the reason that it did not rest on any local law or involve the construction of any constitutional or statutory provision peculiar to the State, and that it was inconsistent with the other decisions of the same Court, and the decision is further quoted as maintaining that "a railroad is a highway which may be regulated as to management, tariff of rates, etc., by legislative authority, and therefore taxation in aid of its continuation, is a legitimate exercise of legislative authority." As we recollect the decision, it was stated that this was the case under the constitution of Wisconsin. But the constitution of Wisconsin does not differ in this respect from the constitution of Minnesota. The decision is important so far as it goes, but after all, it does not touch the question whether a railroad built by virtue of a special charter or contract, can be regulated by the Legislature in derogation of the contract under which it was built. That is the question now at issue, and which the United States Supreme Court will ere long be called upon to decide.

### "A Disgrace to Oregon".

Under this head the *Willamette Farmer* says, very sensibly, too:

If any of our readers will go into one of the ordinary markets of Salem or Portland where vegetables are sold, they will find on sale there articles raised in California and imported to supply the Oregon trade. We can raise pie plant abundantly, but our dealers import it from California because there is no reliable supply at home, we can raise cauliflower as well as it can be raised anywhere, but we do not do it, preferring to send to California for it. We even find barrels of cucumber pickles for sale in the stores here, brought from California, and also canned fruit, that we can supply at home, is for sale in every grocery store. All this while our people are complaining of hard times and money is so scarce that we can hardly do business. There is good reason why Oregon should be scarce of money, when we send abroad for our wagons, agricultural implements and most of our wooden ware.

It is simply a discredit to our State if we can not supply our own markets with vegetables, in the proper season. There is a constant drain of money out of Oregon, to purchase things we could well raise at home if we had common sense ideas of economy. This valley could support twenty-five thousand more inhabitants on the money we send abroad for articles that we ought to raise at home.

## By Overland Telegraph.

EASTERN DATES TO MAY 12.

### WASHINGTON CITY

**Funeral of Chief Justice Chase.**

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The remains of Chief Justice Chase arrived here early this morning, accompanied by relatives and pall bearers, and were conveyed to the Supreme Court room. The floral decorations were tastefully arranged with crosses, wreaths, and arches on the coffin and catafalque. Immediately in front of the draped seat formerly occupied by the late Chief Justice, was a large floral cross, while inside the bar were bouquets of choicest blooming flowers. Several thousand persons visited the Court room in the course of the day, but were disappointed in not seeing the face of the deceased. The casket was opened by a physician for private inspection, but was soon closed, for the reason that the features had undergone a rapid change. The funeral services will be conducted by Rev. Dr. Tiffany at noon to-morrow, in the Senate Chamber. The following gentlemen have been appointed pall bearers: Admiral Goldsborough, Gen McDowell, Senator Cameron of Pennsylvania, Senator Chagin of New Hampshire, Senator Morrow of Georgia, Montgomery Blair of Maryland, W. W. Corcoran of Washington, Gov. Henry D. Cooke of Washington, A. F. Perry of Ohio, Hiram Barney of New York, Whitelaw Reid of New York. Dr. Baker Rector of Washington, and Colonel Mix of Maryland. The pew formerly occupied by Mr. Chase in the Metropolitan Methodist Church was heavily draped with black, and the front of the pulpit was covered with black cloth.

**Postal Changes.**

WASHINGTON, May 11.—The following postal changes have been ordered during the past week for the Pacific Coast: Office established—Pochutec, Wasco county, Oregon; Joseph M. Shearer, Postmaster. Fairview, Coos county, Oregon; Francis A. Bracken, Postmaster. Hillin, Coos county, Oregon, Wm. M. Hook, Postmaster. Fellouse, Whitman county, W. T., Jesse Davies, Postmaster. Pine Creek, Nye county, Nevada, Elias Erickson, Postmaster. White Rock, Elko county, Nevada, E. B. Painter, Postmaster.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—The Secretary of the Navy has telegraphed to the U. S. Consul at St. Johns, N. F., to inform the Department of the best means to bring the survivors of the *Polaris* to this city. If no other conveyance is presented, the Government will dispatch a steamer to Bay Roberts

**EASTERN STATES.**

**The Mysterious Missouri Murders.**

ST. LOUIS, May 11.—A Kansas City detective has arrived here to go on the trail of the Hacker family. On whose premises so many bodies of murdered persons have been found. He has authority from Governor Osborne to hunt down the assassins, regardless of expense.

**Civil Rights.**

NEW YORK, May 11.—Two negroes have commenced suit under the Civil Rights act against Wallack's Theater for exclusion from orchestra seats.

**Postal Cards in Readiness.**

SPRINGFIELD, Mass., May 12.—Three millions of postal cards have been sent to the principal postoffices. Two millions more will be sent next week, and henceforth all requisitions will be promptly filled

**Suicide.**

MIDDLETON, N. Y., May 12.—John C. Denwick, a lawyer of New York, committed suicide at his residence in Bloomington, Saturday, by shooting himself. He was affected with dyspepsia in an aggravated form

**An Unfortunate Jeweler.**

ROCHESTER, May 12.—Joseph Ormsby, of the firm of Ormsby & Co., manufacturing jewelers in New York, this morning lost his carpet bag, containing $15,000 worth of jewels, diamonds, &c. The bag was in the custody of the proprietor of the Osborne House, and was delivered to a thief by the clerk through mistake.

**Death of Lee Hudson's Black Rose.**

ST. LOUIS, May 12.—Black Rose, the beautiful mare with which Lee Hudson has been playing "Marquis" in different parts of the country, fell from the stage at the Grand Opera House here on Saturday night, falling about fourteen feet. She received injuries, from which she died yesterday. Miss Hudson was badly bruised, but not seriously injured.

**After the Brokers, et al.**

NEW YORK, May 12.—Judge Davis, in his charge to the Grand Jury to-day, called particular attention to the laws against usury and extortion, on the part of municipal officers. He also alluded, in strong terms, to the payment of fraudulent pay-rolls, and asked the Grand Jury to investigate the matter.

The case of William M. Tweed was called, and Wednesday assigned for Tweed to plead to the new indictments found against him on Wednesday. Two or three are fixed for a commencement of the actual trial on former indictments.

**The Goodrich Murder Mystery.**

POUGHKEEPSIE was arrested on Saturday on supposition that he knows something of the Goodrich murder. He is a well known criminal. The police say, if he cannot be connected with that murder, they will have him tried for an old Marshal Dotey election day, and shall see that he receives punishment for that offence, he will be tried as an accomplice in the binding and gagging of Mr. and Mrs Gardner, while their house was robbed four years ago.

**The Louisiana Difficulty.**

A Washington dispatch to the *Tribune* says the Administration is unable to understand why Kellogg does not make a requisition for Federal troops, for as soon as the requisition is made the President will issue a proclamation in the most positive language, admonishing citizens of Louisiana to peace, disposing the McEnery Government and proclaiming the Kellogg assumption as the lawful Government, and announcing the intention of the Executive to sustain Kellogg with the whole military force of the country, if necessary. This proclamation will be accompanied with an order to send all available troops direct to General Emory in New Orleans. The proclamation will be in such language that it will be unexceptible of no doubtful meaning

**Funeral of Oakes Ames.**

BOSTON, May 11.—Over 3,000 people attended the funeral of Oakes Ames at North Easton to-day.

**Miscellaneous.**

NEW YORK, May 11.—Forty clerks from the U. S. Treasury Department will begin an examination of New York city national banks on Tuesday, to ascertain their respective circulation.

The strike of gas men in Brooklyn continues, but the company has obtained a large number of experienced men from Jersey city and the Metropolitan Gas Company of New York, and expect that the Brooklyn works will be in full operation to-morrow.

### WEST INDIES.

**From Samana Bay.**

A letter from Samana Bay says the sovereignty of the Peninsula was formally ceded to the Company, April 1st, and their representative promptly. No such changes as were necessary. Walter A. Price was appointed Collector of the port, and a police force has been organized under Capt. Joe. Wright

### BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

**Disastrous Beginning to the Russian Expedition.**

LONDON, May 11.—A special to the *News* reports that a Russian picket party under command of a Colonel, an advance guard of Gen. Kaufman's column, were surprised by some Bokharan's mountain and put to death by impalement. Three officers and a few men were captured by some Kirghese between Orsk and Kasalinsk.

**An Attempt to Assassinate Kaiser William.**

LONDON, May 12.—The *Telegraph* to-day contains a report that an attempt was made to assassinate Emperor William of Germany while he was holding a review at Instenburg. A priest fired at the Emperor and the ball passed through his helmet, severely wounding an Adjutant. According to the *Daily News*, the attempt was made at St. Petersburg.

**From St. Petersburg.**

PARIS, May 11.—Emperor William was fired upon while reviewing the troops at St. Petersburg. The shot passed through his helmet and wounded an adjutant.

**Riotous Proceedings in Rome.**

ROME, May 11.—During the sitting of the Chamber of Deputies yesterday, a crowd numbering 200 persons marched to the Quirinal, making riotous demonstrations on the way, and shouting for a complete abolition of religious corporations. The police made a stand against the mob and prevented it from entering the palace.

**From Rome.**

ROME, May 12.—The police have arrested twenty persons who participated in the riotous demonstrations on Saturday

**A Canard.**

LONDON, May 23.—A dispatch from Berlin says the report is without foundation that an attempt was made to assassinate Emperor William at St. Petersburg.

**Election in Madrid.**

MADRID, May 12.—Voting on Saturday, the first day of the preliminary election for a Constitutional Cortes, resulted in the choice of 138 Federal Republicans, nine Radicals, two Conservatives and one Alfonsist. The final result of two day's voting will probably be 350 Federal Republicans and 50 opposition.

**From Paris.**

PARIS, May 12.—The supplemental election in Rochelle yesterday, resulted in the returning of a Bonapartist to the National Assembly

### CALIFORNIA

**From San Francisco.**

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—The *William Tabor* took a large party of excursionists for the Farallone Islands, but much to the disgust of passengers never went in sight of the islands.

Nicholas Bolton, first officer of the schooner *John Hancock*, was knocked overboard and drowned.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—The Portland steamer, with the body of Gen. Canby on board, is expected to arrive to-night. The body will remain there two days. A guard of honor, from the First regiment of the National Guard, has been detailed to receive the body at the wharf with guard relief night and day while the body remains. Gen. Schofield has also detailed as pall-bearers, Col. M. D. Simpson, Col. Kelton, Col. A. E. Eddy, Major M. C. Cornick, Maj. Woods, Maj. Beck, Major P. Curtis. The body will remain there two days. A much to the disgust of passengers never went in sight of the islands.

Mrs. Fair offered Quint $2,500, in full satisfaction of his judgment for $2,900. Quint declined the offer. He would take no less than the full amount of his judgment.

The Odd Fellows' Grand Encampment will adjourn to-night. To-morrow the Grand Lodge holds its twenty-first annual session, it will consist of 348 representatives of the Order.

James Gannon, ex-detective, was in the Police Court this afternoon, on an examination for assault to murder Henry George, editor of the *Post*. Several witnesses testified that Gannon struck him, and that drew a revolver and tried to shoot him. Gannon was held to answer for an assault with a deadly weapon. He gave bail in the sum of $2,000.

The *John L. Stephens* arrived this evening with the remains of General Canby on board. A detachment of the First Regiment received the remains, which were taken to the room prepared for their reception at Army Headquarters. They will lie in state to-morrow and Wednesday, when the funeral cortege will follow them to the railroad depot. Mrs. Canby came on the same steamer, also several officers of the army.

### WASHINGTON TERRITORY

SEATTLE, May 12.—By advices from Port Townsend today, we learn that two men left there about ten days ago to prospect for gold in the Olympia Mountains, and have just returned. They prospected a stream about fifteen miles back from the Head of Port Discovery and got fifteen colors to the pan. The stream is too high to work at present. They will go out again about the 1st of June with a company, tools, supplies, etc., and put in sluices. They brought in some very pretty specimens, and are confident they have struck paying diggings within twenty miles of Port Townsend.

### THE TERRITORIES.

The epizootic has at last reached Lewis county, W. T.

Olympia has had another earthquake after a protracted stillness of nearly three months.

The *Spirit of the West* vaguely hints at rich discoveries of gold in the Blue Mountains not far from Dayton, W. T.

Horses are still dying occasionally in Utah from the epizooty though the disease is also supposed to be dying out.

M. S. Strong has resigned the office of County Commissioner of Cowlitz county, and Geo. Gray has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

On Monday of last week three men were discharged as cured, from the insane asylum at Stellacoom, George Mansfield, Patrick Fitzpatrick and Jim, a Chinaman.

The total aggregate assessment of Cowlitz county for 1873, foots up $743,911. In 1872, the total assessment was $728,265—a gain of $85,685 since last year.

A Stellacoom stationer advertises "for sail blank deeds, both quitclaim & guarantee bills of sail, mortgages, contracts and all kinds of legal blanks, except to lawyers."

W. J. Bowman, Esq., late School Superintendent of Cowlitz county, resigned his office this week, and Mr. G. W. Boody has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

Walla Walla county has done well considering the hard times. Her citizens have paid their county tax in full, delinquent and all, and only in one instance did the Sheriff have to sell property.

A Chinaman was fined at Walla Walla last week for selling powder to an Indian, but the lawyers could find no law to punish a man for selling ammunition to a friendly Siwash and John was discharged.

Orders have been received at Walla Walla for the purchase of several thousand bushels of wheat for the N. P. R. R. Co., and the farmers of that valley, having much of the cereal on hand, are rejoiced thereat.

The deposits and collections in the Puget Sound bank at Seattle, or rather, which ought to have been in it, were about $6,000. O. B. Warren disclaims any connection with the institution, except as cashier on a stated salary.

Improvements are the doings of the day in Stellacoom and vicinity. Building new houses, patching up, repairing and painting old ones, in and outside, keep the mechanics busy and give an air of comfort and prosperity to the place.

The Seattle *Dispatch* has further information, which indicates that the failure of the bank at that place was a premeditated fraud. The *Dispatch* says "a fact has come to light which removes all doubt as to the deliberate dishonesty of the defaulting individuals connected with the bank."

The U. S. Marshal for Idaho recently went to Salt Lake to arrest Rufus King the defaulting Silver City Postmaster, but before the official reached Utah, King had got into the clutches of the

# The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1873.

### In the Lava Beds.

The news from the Lava bed is exciting and important. The Modocs instead of abandoning that region, it seems, only retreated out of sight to await an opportunity for advantageous attack. That Capt. Jack's sortie was successful is but too evident from the context of the entire dispatch, notwithstanding the reported packing of seven mules with slain Modocs.

It is also evident that Jack had been within sight of Capt. Hasbrouck's command for some time. This is apparent not only in the well chosen hour of the assault but in his waiting till the command had been reduced in strength by the departure of McKay's friendly Indians. The loss to the forces operating against the Modocs is five killed and seven wounded. The entire number of the enemy was thirty-three, and there is nothing definite as to their loss, except that one Modoc was left on the field, the remaining casualties on their side being carried away with the seven mule-loads.

Gen. Davis, it is said, is determined to push the campaign till the last of the treacherous band has been slain. We hope this righteous purpose will not abandon him. Davis has the reputation of being a most determined soldier, and there is no doubt of his personal courage. That he has that knowledge of Indian habits and that familiarity with Indian warfare that are essential to success in carrying on such a campaign as he now has in hand has not yet been demonstrated. It is to be hoped he may prove to be the right man in the right place, as that is of greater moment in a campaign like this, than the number of men at command.

### DeLong and the Japan Mission.

The New York *Tribune* appears to have a special pique at Charles E. DeLong, Minister to Japan. As often as the question of his removal has been mentioned—and it has been mentioned very often—the *Tribune* has been ready with a definite and clearly sufficient reason why his amotion was demanded. He had given presents to the Mikado, which was not just the thing for a Foreign Minister representing the United States, to do; or, at any rate, this was not putting his gifts where they would do the most good. But this simmered down to just nothing. Then DeLong had resided at Yokohama and not at Kioto, the Capital of the Japanese empire. This he was forbidden to do by law and by the usages of nations. But it turned out that the representatives of all foreign nations in Japan resided at Yokohama instead of at Kioto, because nearly all the business to be transacted by them was to be transacted at Yokohama. By common consent they had all resided there and the Mikado took no exception to it. So another charge against DeLong went to the winds.

But now at last comes a charge that is not to be laughed out of countenance nor put down with silent contempt. It is alleged that DeLong has been secretly associated with a party of reactionists who have been scheming for the overthrow of the Mikado and the restoration of the Tycoon. A charge so grave, it would seem, would hardly be made through a journal of such high standing as the *Tribune* until sufficient investigation had been made, at least, to render it certain that there was a foundation in fact for the accusation. Yet the *Tribune* under its present management, cannot be said to have always exercised that carefulness in extending all charges affecting the character of individuals until they were examined by sufficient evidence, which the public have a right to expect from the public press. And the story of DeLong's complicity with the reactionists is rendered improbable by his official conduct in his mission, and by the fact that those journals of Japan which have stood foremost in the progressive movements for which the reign of the Mikado has been greatly distinguished, while they have criticised his action in some matters, without exception, deprecate his removal. It is highly probable that if Mr. DeLong had been guilty of misfeasance so serious as that now charged, those who were at the scene of action, and who were watching his course with great jealousy, would have known something of it.

The Sacramento *Union* says there were 60,000,000 bushels of grain shipped from the Western States to the seaboard last year. Of this amount, all the railways combined, 13,500,000 bushels. The remainder was transported by canal and the St. Lawrence and other lines of water transportation. The St. Louis papers have for several years contended that the cheapest and best outlet for western produce is by way of the Mississippi river and New Orleans. The perpetual railway between Chicago and St. Louis, however, was a sufficient cause to prevent an unqualified endorsement of the New Orleans route by the Chicago shippers. It is a significant fact, however, that D. C. Brooks, editor of the Chicago *Railway Review*, has so far given the subject his attention, as to visit New Orleans for information. Through the columns of the *Review*, he tells the Chicago people, that by this great route, St. Louis is constantly availed to ship grain nearly the entire year round, and that "build as many railroads as we may, and give them all the business that we can, the Mississippi river is, and must ever remain, the great artery of commerce between the heart of the Northwest and the Southern extremity of our national system. The possibility, the practicability, and the economy in every point of view, of transporting grain in bulk to New Orleans, during each and every month in the year, has been abundantly proved."

A Bombay dispatch of April 23d says that Sir Bertan Frere's mission was well received at Muscat, and the result of his mission has been that the Sultan has signed a treaty in which the latter undertakes to forbid the importation of slaves and declares free all negroes and other bondsmen hereafter arriving in the territory of Oman. By the provisions of this treaty he also agrees to put down all slave marts, and any who may be proved to have imported slaves shall be amenable to the law. Similar engagements were also entered into with the Sheiks at Mekullah on the Sadramont coast. The diplomatic resident at Bushire will take all precautions on the Arabian shore of the Persian Gulf. Ferre will proceed to Mahabuleshwar, where he will have an interview with the Governor, and thence he will go to Simla.

The St. Paul *Press* of May 1st comes to us in a handsome new dress, of which it is justly proud. It exults: "On this bright May day morning the *Press* flowers out in all the vernal splendor of a new dress and spreads its broad white petals a column wider to the sun of public favor."

From the Walla-Walla dispatch published yesterday morning, and the letter in this morning's issue, from our Lapwai correspondent, it appears there is some ground for apprehension of trouble with the Indians in Idaho and southeastern Washington Territory. We hope, however, these accounts may be the last we shall hear of such threatening attitude among the Indians. The Nez Perces in Idaho, who now seem to be restive, have always been friendly to the whites, and have heretofore kept their treaties with great strictness. Their traditional friendship has long been relied upon as a guaranty against any revolt among them.

From Judge Humphreys of Washington county we learn that the crops in that county are looking better than usual. Fall wheat is especially fine. The average of fall wheat is about the same as last year, but the crop looks much better than it did at a corresponding period of 1872. Spring sown grain not yet so far along as to need no more rain, but the fall wheat would mature well if we had no more rainfall.

The Tualatin plains form one of the finest grain-growing districts in the State, and the harvest will bring a very considerable amount of money into the hands of the farmers of that section.

The San Francisco *Chronicle* has imbibed some very sensible views from some source, of late. In an editorial on "The Indian War," it says: "Call in General Crook; let him enlist an army of mountain men, with their rations, their blankets and their rifles; give them warrant to hunt and kill these savages where they can be found—to fight the Indians in their own way. This would be less sensational for newspapers, and give the illustrated journals less opportunity to caricature Indian fights; but it would save our frontiers from desolation and our army officers from death by treachery, duplicity and ambuscade."

In a case appealed from Maryland, the United States Supreme Court recently held that "when a steamer and sailing vessel are approaching, from the very moment the sailor is in view the steamer shall watch, with the utmost dilligence, her course and movements." The court held that the fault on the part of the sailing vessel does not absolve the steamer suffering itself to get into dangerous proximity. The steamer in allowing such proximity, is chargeable with all damages resulting. A steamer is bound to keep out of the way of sailing vessels.

The Chicago Evening *Journal* lifts up a banner against the General Assembly of Illinois, and this is the inscription: "The majority of each house is composed of shysters, dummers and loafers, any one of whom can be influenced by a $5 greenback. And nobody is to blame but the people themselves for the election of such an irresponsible body of legislators. The people will, we trust, by and by learn better than to intrust their dearest interests to such hands."

In a brief speech at Pittsburg, General Grant spoke of the peace policy and its results, saying: "The peace policy, which has been abused and condemned, strictly provides for the stern punishment of Indians when circumstances warrant it; but innocent tribes should not be visited with punishment on account of the treachery of some particular one, nor should the peace policy entire be pronounced against for failure in this single instance."

Cornelius Hoagland, of Morris county, New Jersey settled in Hunter's Bottom, Carroll county, Kentucky, in the year 1800 with his family. Six of his children are now living in the immediate neighborhood of where their father located, and are aged as follows: Moses 93 years, Dilia 78, Martin 65, John 71, Okey 82, Jane 84, George 80, Caroline 75, Cornelia 73, Emily 70.; making a total of 769 years; or an average of 77 years.

The St. Louis *Democrat* makes demand that in the future all candidates for Congress be subjected to the same competitive examination which is now required of West Point cadets. It wants to know how many members of the new Congress would be able to answer, without consulting authorities, the first question poked at the boy aspirants for West Point: "How does Missouri compare in size and population with Spain?"

The English Parliament has under consideration a bill which provides "for a redemption of the dividend on the capital stock of the East India Company, and for the transfer of the security fund of the company to the Secretary of State in Council of India, and for the East India Company itself." After April, 1874, dividends on East India stock are to cease.

William Cullen Bryant reports that in his recent visit to the South he found but one sentiment among the Southern people in regard to the relations between them and the people of the North, and that sentiment was a desire to live upon terms of mutual friendship and good will.

The St. Paul Chamber of Commerce must be an extremely scientific body. The *Journal* of that city, records the fact that a half grown grasshopper was recently exhibited to the Chamber, and its relations to the climate of Minnesota were fully discussed.

### The Wharton Murder Case.

A Washington dispatch of April 28th says the following are the reasons given by the State attorney for asking a discontinuance of the celebrated Wharton-Van Ness poisoning trial:

In the case of the State vs. Elizabeth Wharton, indicted for an attempt to poison Eugene Van Ness, I propose with the permision of your honors, to enter a *nol. pros.* and inasmuch as the case has gained great notoriety in this State and elsewhere and been regarded with much interest, I desire to state briefly to state the reasons which have impelled this course. As is well known Mrs. Wharton was tried at the October term, 1871, of this court, for the murder of General Ketchum, and after a most protracted and exhaustive trial, lasting nearly two months, the prisoner was acquitted by a jury of her countrymen; the trial entailing great cost to the city of Baltimore, and bankruptcy, as I am credibly informed, to the accused. Again she was tried for an attempt on Mr. Van Ness's life, and the jury, after another long trial, failed to agree and were discharged. The case is therefore to be tried over, continued, removed, or settled. If tried in this county, I very much doubt whether any other result would be attained than at the last trial; if continued, no good would be gained under the act of 1868 to make affidavit that justice cannot be done in Anne Arundel county—an affidavit which I am not prepared to make. I have, therefore, concluded under all these circumstances, after deliberation and counsel, to enter a *nol. pros.* which is done with the knowledge and assent of the State officers for the city of Baltimore, and also of the honorable Attorney General."

The court said, "Mr. Clerk, enter the *nol. pros.*" There were few in the court room at the time, and the event caused no remarks or excitement of any kind. Mrs. Wharton is in Philadelphia, and was only informed of the "*nol. pros.*"

### Indian Matters in Eastern Oregon and Idaho.

THE "ENOS" AFFAIR AS IT ACTUALLY TOOK PLACE.

FORT LAPWAI, I. T., May 3, 1873.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In the Portland *Bulletin* of April 28th the "Cause of the Indian Troubles in Eastern Oregon" is dished up in the grand style that is only equalled by the account in the S. F. *Chronicle* of the cause of the Modoc war, and the hanging of Chief Enos, at Battle Rock, in 1856.

How it is, that any one residing in any portion of this upper country can say, "there is no rumor of Indian troubles above the Dalles," surprises even the Peace Policy shriekers. Those who reside in this section of Nez Perces county can easily guess who the author of the "Cause of the Indian Troubles in Eastern Oregon" is, and his romantic story of their grievances and their various Types has caused many to think out loudly, though.

Why is it that public meetings are held in all parts of our country, petitioning the Government for assistance and protection against the Indians, if there is no rumors of danger approbended from the Indians? Are not the residents in our Indian countries the ones to know of the dangers threatening them? At least, many persons think so. No one can truthfully say the Indians in this section of the country do not evince a resistive disposition, and many who are residing on the Reservation have declared they will not come upon the Reservation, even by force. Did not the Indians in the Council convened at the Lapwai Agency on the 27th March last say they would not come on any Reservation, wanted no Agent over them, but wished to go and occupy any portion of the country they claimed as their own; to go and come as they pleased, and not to be restricted in any manner by terms of treaties or Agents? Surely they did: and I can assert, without fear of contradiction, there is much alarm manifested, and danger anticipated, by the settlers in this entire upper country, from the Indians. More ammunition has been sold of late to the Indians than any previous date in the same length of time, so I am informed; and as for the feeling of the settlers in the various parts of our country, [illegible] the *Mountain Sentinel*, published at La Grander and the *Idaho Signal*, published at Lewiston.

That San Francisco chap must have had a very imaginative mind when he wrote of the capture and hanging of Chief Enos. May be he thought those who knew of the circumstances as they were, were all dead, or had left the country. The circumstances of his capture and delivery to the authorities are these: After the massacre of Ben Wright and other citizens by Enos and the Indians under him, and his escape to the mountains, the Indians were removed to the coast Reservation, (General Palmer was at that time Superintendent of Indian Affairs,) at the mouth of the Nechesna, or Salmon river, some three miles above Siletz Bay. About a o'clock one summer afternoon (I think it was in August, though I am not positive as to the month), Enos came on the Reservation, and went to the camp of Tootootney John, the Indian who had Ben Wright's scalp, and secreted himself. Just before sunset a friendly Indian by the name of Tag o ne sha, came to the Agency building (the only one then built), and told Mr. Courtney Walker and myself that Enos was in camp, and he feared there would be trouble with the Indians if Enos was not immediately arrested and removed from there. I went and brought four soldiers, the extent of the military force then at that place, and in company with Mr. Walker and the soldiers, we went to Tootootney John's tent and arrested Enos, took him into the Agency building, secured him with some chains, and placed a guard of soldiers over him. The next morning, at daylight I was dispatched to Fort Yamhill, about thirty miles distant from the coast, then under the command of Captain (now Colonel) De L. Floyd Jones, for a detachment of troops to remove Enos to Fort Yamhill for safe keeping, thence to Dayton to inform Gen. Palmer of the arrest of Enos, etc., etc. From the coast he was conveyed to Fort Yamhill, thence to Dayton, thence Vancouver, thence by steamer to the place of his execution by the citizens at Battle Rock. General Palmer and Mr. Walker are knowing to the circumstances and could give much information in regard to the subject. C.

### Vienna and the Great Exhibition.

The Vienna correspondent of the New York *Tribune*, in a brisk, chatty letter, writes:

Vienna, after many years' absence, is no more recognizable; the new buildings rival those of Paris in sumptuousness, surpass them in tastefulness, and in the way they are rushing up challenge New York. Bricks and scaffolding are everywhere to be seen, and the old wall which I saw when here last, and the ditch where Blum and his comrades sleep in ignominious rest, as the bullets of the imperial soldiers laid them, are replaced by palaces and temples of trade and industry—one might say that where Blum was planted an empire has grown, and the silent reform whose nature the men of 1848 mistook, perhaps, has reached their ideal by the pressure of irresistible and normal influences. In the short time that I have been here nothing (except this almost fabulous growth of the city) has so forcibly struck me as a comic paper which I picked up in the cafe this morning, in which the Catholic priesthood is ridiculed as cautiously as *Punch* would have done it.

The exhibition is doubtless responsible for a great part of this new life and improvement; and the Viennese are apparently using their wits in the golden dreams they entertain. The prices of everything (to foreigners, especially those who speak English,) are becoming almost prohibitory. Before reaching Vienna I found the influence come out to meet me. At Linz I paid 37½ cents for a cup of coffee; at the railway station the porter would be content with nothing less than a half dollar for handling my baggage. The cab drivers take their legal fare and a liberal *pour boire* with an incipient growl and frown. The price of rooms ranges, with fancy, the fields of air—1,500 florins; $750 a month is asked for one suite of rooms which have come under my notice. They are just enough for a small family. The most reasonable price for a bed room and sitting room is from $35 to $50 a month, and this not in fashionable localities. The Exhibition will be opened, but far from complete, on the first of May, and there would seem to be a great pressure for space, especially on the part of English contributors, which has given rise to a slight diplomatic entanglement already. The extreme western transept had been assigned to America, one side of the western entrance to South America, and the other to North America, under geographical arrangement. It has just been discovered that, without any notice to our Commissioners, the passage, including the entrance and the adjoining half of the South American space, had been assigned to English contributors and actually paid for. As this deprives us of any entrance except through the English department, and is contrary to the express undertaking, our Commission protested and referred the matter to Mr. Jay, why properly took strong ground on the question and suspended all orders for debarking the goods from the *Brooklyn* and *Supply*, just arrived at Trieste, till the point should be settled. He claimed the entrance as originally provided, and all of the South Americans did not need, if we had need for it, in preference to giving it to English contributors. Under this energetic way of putting the question, it was yielded at once, and we retain possession of the western entrance and transept complete. The first place on two important Committees, that of Education and Trade, and the second in that of Civil Engineering, have been awarded to the United States.

### The Patent Office.

Under the revised, consolidated, and amended laws relating to patents, the following instructions to persons who propose to apply for a patent have just been issued by Commissioner M. D. Leggett:

"1. Any person, whether citizen or alien, being the original and first inventor or discoverer of any new and useful art, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent for his invention or discovery, subject to the conditions as to public use and abandonment hereinafter named.

"2. In case of the death of the inventor, the patent may be applied for by, and will issue to, his executor or administrator. In case of an assignment of the whole interest in the invention, or of the whole interest in the patent if granted, the patent will issue to the assignee, upon the request of the latter, or his assignor; and so, if the assignee holds an undivided part interest, the patent will, upon a similar request, issue jointly to him and the inventor; but the assignment must first have been entered of record, and not at a day not later than the date of the payment of the final fee; and the application must be duly made, and the specification sworn to by the inventor.

"3. Joint inventors are entitled to a joint patent; neither can claim one separately; but the independent inventors of separate and independent improvements in the same machine can not obtain a joint patent for their separate inventions; nor does the fact that one man furnishes the capital and the other makes the invention entitle them to take out a joint patent.

"4. A patent will not be granted to an applicant if what he claims as new has been, before his invention, patented or described in any printed publication in this or any foreign country, or been invented or discovered in this country, nor if he has once abandoned his invention, nor if it has been in public use or on sale more than two years previous to his invention.

"5. If it appears that the inventor, at the time of making his application, believes himself to be the first inventor or discoverer, a patent will not be refused on account of the invention or discovery, or any part thereof, having been known or used in any foreign country before his invention or discovery thereof, it not appearing that the same, or any substantial part thereof, had before been patented or described in any printed publication.

"6. Merely conceiving the idea of an improvement or machine is not an 'invention' or 'discovery.' The invention must have been reduced to practical form, either by the construction of the machine itself, or of a model thereof, or by making a drawing of it, or by such disclosure of its character that a mechanic or one skilled in the art to which it relates, can and does, from the description given, construct the improvement, or a model thereof, before it will prevent a subsequent inventor from obtaining a patent."

The removal, by the President, of Mr. Trott, from the position of Postmaster at Charleston, South Carolina, is said to give very general dissatisfaction to the people of that city. Mr. Trott was a highly esteemed citizen and faithful officer. His successor is a colored man who has been very serviceable to certain politicians of the State. His competency to discharge the duties of the office is not questioned.

The people of Redwood county, Minnesota, were empowered by an act of the Legislature, to vote aid to a railway to run between the village of Redwood and a place bearing the euphonic title of Sleepy Eye Lake. The vote was taken on the 15th of April, and resulted in the casting of 413 votes, all but 8 of which were for granting the aid.

The visit of Emperor William of Germany to the Czar of Russia, has turned out rather a sensational affair. The Emperor goes out to review the Muscovite soldiery, and finds himself assaulted by an assassin, who sends a bullet through his helmet and wounds an aid.

PRINTING OFFICE FOR SALE.—A Newspaper and thoroughly equipped Job office, in one of the most thriving towns on the N. W. coast, is for sale. Does a large amount of Job work and has a *large* and increasing subscription list and is otherwise prosperous. Either a half or whole interest will be sold. TERMS: part cash and part on time, or will trade for negotiable paper. The proprietor has a business engagement in the States, and offers to sell for that reason only. For particulars enquire of H. L. Pittock, Portland.

### DIED:

In this city, May 12th, Bertie, youngest daughter of Jerry and Hester Knox; aged 1 year 6 months and 12 days.

Funeral will take place this (Tuesday) afternoon at 4 o'clock, from residence, Front street between Market and Mill.

## NEW TO-DAY.


**Kalsomining and Whitewashing.**

ANY LADY OR GENTLEMAN WANTING GOOD work done by a cheap hand, can find a man highly recommended at THOMPSON'S TWO-BIT HOUSE. m13d1f.

**ICE MACHINES!!**

The undersigned is agent of the "United States Ice and Refrigerating Company," of New York, owners of the "TELLIER PATENT" For manufacturing ICE, and is now prepared to sell STATE, COUNTY and TOWN RIGHTS, and also to furnish Machines of any required capacity. For partial information, inquire of Messrs. Hodge, Calef & Co., 97 Front street, Portland, Oregon.

RICH'D CHENNERY.

San Francisco, May 6, 1873. m13d6t2p

**THOMPSON'S TWO-BIT HOUSE!**

FRONT ST., BET. MAIN AND MADISON.

NO DECEPTION THERE.

IF YOU MUCK-A-MUCK AND HERE'S YOUR BILL OF FARE:

THREE KINDS OF MEAT FOR DINNER; ALSO for Breakfast and Supper. Ham and Eggs every day, and Fresh Fish, Hot Rolls and Cake in abundance. Plenty of Tea and Coffee every day for Dinner, and Hlyou Syke's Ale on Sunday. Hurry up, and none of your sneering at CHEAP BOARDING HOUSES. Now's the time to get the wrinkles taken out of your bellies, after the hard winter.

Board and Lodging...$3 00 | Board.....$4 00

Item ready for the BONE and SINEW of the country. Persons in want of HELP please call.

**MAY FESTIVAL!**

IN AID OF THE

CATHOLIC LIBRARY,

AND

Christian Doctrine Society,

TO BE HELD

Thursday, May 15th, 1873.

Consisting of an

Excursion to the Clackamas River.

THE STEAMER

**ANNIE STEWART**

WILL LEAVE

MORRISON STREET WHARF

At 9½ o'clock. The boat will return to the wharf and leave again about 1 o'clock P. M.

TICKETS.....$1 00

CHILDREN.....50

Children who frequent the Catholic Sunday School must get their tickets from the Pastor or the Committee. m13dtd

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the District of Oregon—In the matter of J. B. Nichols, bankrupt.—I hereby give notice that the third and final meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt will be held in the city of Portland, in said District, on the 31st day of May, A. D. 1873, at two o'clock P. M., at the office of J. J. Henderson, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy in said District, for the purposes named in the twenty-seventh section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867. I also give notice that I will file my final account as assignee of said estate, in said Court, and that on the 31st day of May next I shall apply to the said Court for a settlement of my said accounts, and for a discharge from all liabilities as assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of the twenty-eighth section of the Bankrupt Act of March 2, 1867.

JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee.

Portland, May 12, 1873. m13 d1aw3t

NOTICE OF ASSIGNEE OF HIS APPOINTMENT. In bankruptcy—District of Oregon, ss.—At the city of Portland, the 12th day of May, A. D. 1873. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Thomas Ryan of the city of Portland, in the County of Multnomah, and State of Oregon, within said District, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on creditors' petition by the District Court of said District.

m13 d1aw3t JOSEPH BACHMAN, Assignee.

**MAPLE SUGAR**

DIRECT FROM VERMONT,

IN LARGE AND SMALL CAKES.

FOLGER'S CELEBRATED

**PURE JAVA COFFEE**

3 lbs. for 90c.

MUMFORD'S

**YEAST POWDERS!**

3 Cans for 50c.

YOU CAN TAKE THEM ON TRIAL.

**Maltby's Cocoanut,**

VERY FINE.

ALL AT

**C. M. MALTBY'S,**

N. E. COR. YAMHILL AND FIRST STS.

**Amusements.**

**MAY FESTIVAL**

OF THE

**Portland Turn Verein**

AT

CANYON GARDEN,

ON

**Sunday, May 25, 1873.**

EXTENSIVE PREPARATIONS ARE BEING MADE to make the festival the most brilliant affair of the season.

Programme will be published in due time.

Admission—One person, 50 cents. Children, accompanied by parents, free.

REFRESHMENTS of all kinds at the Garden.

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEMENTS.

**ROLLER SKATING!**

AT THE RINK

On Fourth bet. Pine and A streets.

SKATING ON WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY Evenings from 8 to 10 o'clock.

Admission.....25 cts

Use of Skates.....25 cts

Also, EVERY DAY (Sundays excepted) from 10 to 12 A. M., and from 2 to 4 P. M.

Admission, including use of Skates.....25 cts

A BRASS BAND always in attendance at the evening assemblies.

**VOCAL & INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.**

HAVING RETURNED TO PORTLAND, I AM PREpared to resume tuition of SINGING and the PIANO, at my residence on Washington street, between Fourth and Fifth. Patronage solicited.

m23d1m MRS. J. PETERS.

J. H. BRENNER,

Professor of Music!

Will give private lessons on the PIANO, VIOLIN and ORGAN; also to classes.

MUSIC FURNISHED FOR PARTIES.

Orders left at Gray's Music Store. Residence, Fourth street, between Columbia and Clay.

**Boots & Shoes.**

**PACIFIC**

**BOOT & SHOE STORE**

S. W. CORNER FIRST AND MORRISON STS.

**GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES!**

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE I WILL SELL, FOR CASH, of California make—

| | |
|---|---|
| Ladies' First Quality, 18-thread Lasting Kid Foxed Balmorals | $2 50 |
| Former price $3 00. | |
| Ladies' Second Quality 16-thread Lasting, Kid Foxed Balmorals | $1 75 |
| Former price, $2 50. | |
| | Old Price. |
| Misses' First Quality, do | $2 00 $2 50 |
| " Second Quality, do | 1 50 2 00 |
| Children's First Quality | 1 50 2 00 |
| " Second Quality | 1 25 1 50 |

GEO. A. PEASE.

Opposition

**BOOT & SHOE STORE**

New Store and New Goods!

*ONE PRICE ONLY & CHEAP FOR CASH*

UNDER THE ORO FINO THEATRE,

No. 65 First st., Portland, Oregon.

**ICE CREAM!**

DURING THE SUMMER SEASON THE UNDERsigned will have on hand and make to order all kinds of

ICE CREAMS,
WATER ICES,
ROMAN PUNCH,
CHARLOTTE DE RUSSE,

CAKES and TARTS of all descriptions

SWISS CHEESE,
RUSSIAN CAVIAR,
SARDELLEN, ETC.,

And the best and most complete stock of

**FRENCH AND AMERICAN CANDIES**

Wholesale or Retail.

ICE CREAM delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

ALISKY & HEGELE,

PORTLAND CANDY MANUFACTORY.

No. 167 First street, opposite Post Office.

**$325**

WILL BUY A MAGNIFICENT ROSEWOOD CASE UPRIGHT PIANO, with the Patent Agraffe attachment, all through tri-strung. Only in use a short time; just as good as new and fully warranted. Call and see it, at

**CRAY'S MUSIC STORE,**

PORTLAND, OREGON.

**SCHMEER BROS.,**

Wholesale and Retail

**CONFECTIONERS,**

ANNOUNCE TO THEIR FRIENDS AND THE PUBlic generally that they have

Resumed Business

ON

FIRST STREET, OPPOSITE WELLS, FARGO & CO.'S.

**ICE CREAM**

And other luxuries served in FIRST CLASS STYLE, in their elegant dining room.

PICNICS, PARTIES, EXCURSIONS AND WEDDINGS

Supplied with promptness and attention.

**For Tillamook!**

SCHOONER KATE HERON

Will take

FREIGHT FOR TILLAMOOK ON MONDAY, May 6th, at

m2 EVERDING & FARRELL'S.

**Lime, Cement Plaster and Hair**

On hand and to arrive, at

COR. FRONT AND CLAY STS., PORTLAND.

SANTA CRUZ LIME, ROSENDALE CEMENT, PLASTER and HAIR CHEAP FOR CASH, or approved paper.

m3d1m C. CHURCH, Agent.

**$14,000 to Loan**

ON PERSONAL SECURITY, FOR FROM ONE TO twelve months, in sums to suit.

m8d1t A. S. GROSS, General Broker, Pittock's Block.

**Notice.**

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the AUBURN CANAL COMPANY at the office of the Company in Auburn, Baker county, May 20th, 1873, at 1 o'clock, P. M., for the election of directors, and for such other business as may come before the company.

P. F. BRADFORD, Secretary A. C. Co.

Portland, May 2, 1873. m5d10t

**Ocean Steamers.**

**FOR SAN FRANCISCO, DIRECT.**

Carrying the U. S. Mail.

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAMship

**AJAX**

——, U. S. N., Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf at foot of P Street, for the above port

FRIDAY, MAY 16TH, 1873,

At 6 o'clock P. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner F and Front Streets.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

**For Port Townsend, Seattle, Steilacoom, Olympia, Nanaimo, Ft. Wrangle Sitka and Victoria.**

THE OREGON STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S STEAM Propeller

**CALIFORNIA,**

JOHN HAYES, Commander,

Will leave Portland Warehouse and Dock Company's Wharf, at foot of P Street, for the above ports

SUNDAY, JUNE 1st, 1873,

At 6 o'clock, P. M.

Victoria, Nanaimo and Sitka freight must be cleared before 12 o'clock, A. M.

For Freight or Passage apply at the Office of the Company, corner of F and Front Street.

GEO. W. WEIDLER, Agent.

**SADDLERY.**

**J. A. KERN,**

**78 Front Street.**

**Saddlery Hardware,**

**Saddles, Bridles,**

**WHIPS AND HARNESS**

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

SOLE AGENT FOR GUTTA PERCHA AND RUBBER CARBOLIZED HOSE, which is for sale at San Francisco prices with freight added.

REPAIRING promptly attended to.

**BELCH & MORGAN,**

Cor. Yamhill & Front Sts.,

Manufacturers and Importers of

**SADDLES, HARNESS.**

KERBY'S GENUINE

SANTA CRUZ HARNESS LEATHER.

ALSO

Hill's Concord Fe Stage and Buggy Horse

We warrant all articles, which we sell at 100 and RATES.

**Watches and Jewelry.**

**L. C. Henrichsen & Co.,**

**FASHIONABLE JEWELERS!**

[illegible] st.,

[illegible] a complete assortment of

Diamonds and Jewelry,

Gold and Silver Watches,

and SILVERWARE

[illegible] U.

[illegible] T.

STERN,

STERN,

117 First Street,

119 First Street,

Resident Agent in this city for the

Diamond Spectacles,

Diamond Spectacles,

The Best Glasses Manufactured.

WATCHES, SILVERWARE,

JEWELRY, PLATEDWARE,

CLOCKS, OPTICAL GOODS.

A large assortment at

**S. U. STERN'S,**

113 Front Street.

**GRAND REOPENING**

AT

No. 73 First street.

**CURRIER & CO.,**

**TAILORS, CLOTHIERS & HATTERS,**

HAVE RECEIVED, DIRECT FROM NEW YORK, an entire new stock CLOTHING of most fashionable make and finest quality, consisting of

DRESS SUITS,
FRENCH BEAVER SUITS,
SCOTCH CHEVIOT SUITS,
ENGLISH CASSIMERE SUITS,
AMERICAN SUITS, ETC.

A large assortment of

**GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS!**

All the Newest Styles.

Also, the LARGEST and BEST SELECTED stock of

**HATS and CAPS**

In the State.

Our stock has been purchased with cash, thus enabling us to

SELL LOWER

Than any other house in Oregon.

m12d1m CURRIER & CO., No 73 First st.

**FORWARDING AND COMMISSION.**

**JOHN H. FOSTER & CO.,**

UMATILLA, OREGON,

ARE FULLY PREPARED TO RECEIVE CONSIGNments of Goods to be forwarded to all points in Oregon and Idaho, and can offer superior inducements to shippers by having a large

**Fire-Proof Warehouse**

For the storage of goods, and a long experience, which enables us to make shipments at the very lowest rates. All matters connected with the Forwarding and Commission business promptly attended to.

Consignments solicited. Mark goods: Care J. H. F.

Always on hand, a full assortment of

**Groceries, Provisions & Clothing,**

MECHANICS, MINERS & BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS,

And a large stock of

**IRON AND STEEL,**

Which will be sold LOW FOR CASH.

**PATENT STOPPER SODA WORKS.**

WE ARE NOW prepared to supply Hotels, Saloons, Steamboats and private families with our manufactures.

Country orders will receive prompt attention.

**LEVY BROS.**

Corner Second and McKenzie's, Portland.

**Notice.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT NO PERSON in my employ has any authority to contract, or collect bills, or transact any business for Strong & Co., except in the regular course of trade, and I will not be responsible for any debts contracted by them, except they are authorized to do business for me by written order.

Portland, April 1, 1873. STIMSON & CO. m5d1f



The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1873.


CITY

AGRICULTURAL PICNIC.—May, beautiful weather, its fragrance, groves, has come again, and with season for picnics. Several celebration yesterday, annual Sunday School, connected Cathedral, propose to hold Thursday next. The ground situated near the confluence and Willamette rivers. For the and the elegant steamer has been chartered, and land and engaged to o'clock A. M., the steamer will for the grounds. She will immediately on arriving at the ground again about 12:30 P. M. be made in order to accommodate to attend the excursion. In steamer will return to the city, that which can contribute to participan has not been provided. The day promises an occasion pure. The proceeds arising be donated to the Catholic Christian Doctrine Association.

IMPRESSIVE RITES.—The [illegible] formed on Sunday last, by Rite Capt. C. S. Mills, by the Red Men, were the first [illegible] yet been held by that Order [illegible] rites, although [illegible] of ple[illegible] taken in connection with the [illegible] yoking them very beautiful. After the body is lowered to the [illegible] funding of portions of the [illegible] the members of the Order [illegible] the last resting place of the [illegible] brother, each one dropping [illegible] all spots of earth [illegible] and pathetic tones that [illegible] utter.—"Farewell." In [illegible] bers the past. All [illegible] again. Each person as he [illegible] rows in a shovel full of [illegible] the brief but significant [illegible] of the order then [illegible] away from the spot, leaving [illegible] the grave.

LATTER MAILS.—The [illegible] in many down snowed [illegible] of the water making [illegible] at through the [illegible] down near the river, [illegible] has risen, and will [illegible] P. Bend. Not [illegible] for this city to [illegible] the river is [illegible] dry is to [illegible] throughout the [illegible] ployed. It is the [illegible] with the foundry [illegible] river, and then [illegible] have already [illegible] considerable [illegible] Olympia.

GETTING READY.—[illegible] proving encouragingly [illegible] foundry which is [illegible] the east side of the [illegible] have Brooklyn [illegible] building is [illegible] inscription of [illegible] engaged in [illegible] foundry. Some days ago [illegible] were put in position [illegible] has been put up, and [illegible] apparatus [illegible] will be added [illegible] and Williamette [illegible] will be put in [illegible] will [illegible] Mr. Reed [illegible] will [illegible] Mr. Reed [illegible] will [illegible] Mr. Reed

# The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1873.

## CITY.

ANOTHER PICNIC.—May, with its charming beautiful weather, its fragrant flowers and leafy groves, has come again, and with it the propitious season for picnics. Several picnic excursions were given last week. The Red Men held their annual celebration yesterday, and the Catholic Sunday School connected with the St. Mary's Cathedral, propose to hold a grand excursion on Thursday next. The ground selected is a grove situated near the confluence of the Clackamas and Willamette rivers. For this express occasion the elegant steamer *Annie Stewart* has been chartered, and the East Portland Band engaged to furnish music. At 8 o'clock A. M., the steamer will leave the wharf for the grounds. She will return to the city immediately on arriving at the grove, and will start again about 12:30 P. M. These two trips will be made in order to accommodate all who wish to attend the excursion. In the evening the steamer will return to the city. Every arrangement which can contribute to the enjoyment of participants has not been overlooked or omitted. The day promises an occasion of unalloyed pleasure. The proceeds arising from the picnic will be donated to the Catholic Library and Christian Doctrine Association.

IMPRESSIVE RITES.—The funeral rites performed on Sunday last, over the remains of the late Capt. C. S. Mills, by the Improved Order of Red Men, were the first ceremonies which have yet been held by that Order in the State. These rites, although simple of themselves, are, when taken in connection with the solemn occasion inducing them, very beautiful and impressive. After the body is lowered into the grave and the reading of portions of the services are concluded, the members of the Order march slowly around the last resting place of their dead comrade and brother, each one dropping on the coffin lid a small sprig of evergreen, and repeating in low and pathetic tones that hardest of all words to utter,—"Farewell." In this manner all the members file past. All then circle past the grave again. Each person as he passes, halts and throws in a shovel full of earth. This completes the brief but significant ceremonies. The members of the order then form and march slowly away from the spot, leaving the sexton to fill up the grave.

LAYING MAINS.—The East Portland Water Company commenced several days ago the laying of the water mains for the distribution of that element through the city. These mains were placed down near the river, some distance south of Brooklyn creek, and will extend north through East Portland. Not possessing the natural advantages which the city does for the distribution of water, it is necessary to use steam power to force it through the mains. The water will be pumped from the river at a point near where the stove foundry is to stand, and from thence ramified throughout the town to wherever it may be desired. It is the intention of the Water Company to employ the steam engine used in connection with the foundry to pump the water from the river, and then drive it through the mains. Mains have already been laid from the foundry north for a considerable distance. No iron pipes will be used, the mains consisting of bored fir logs brought from Olympia.

GETTING READY.—Everything, we learn, is getting encouragingly ahead on the new stove foundry which is in process of construction on the east side of the river, a short distance above the Brooklyn creek empties into the Willamette. The building is nearly completed and ready for the reception of machinery. Yesterday workmen were engaged in erecting the cupola above the factory. Some days ago the boiler and stack were put in position. Most of the connecting pipe has been put up, and everything is in readiness to raise steam. Work on the engine is rapidly approaching completion. Within a week the latter will be ready to put in working condition. Already a large proportion of the machinery to be put in connection with the foundry has been received from San Francisco. Delays are now occasioned by the non-arrival of a fan, which was sent for several weeks ago. Operations will probably commence in three or four weeks, if the fan arrives.

REMOVED.—Mr. Douglas who resides about three miles east of this city, lost last week nearly $800 worth of fencing. The fire was communicated from the woods which have been burning for some days in that vicinity. At this season of the year, the loss falls on Mr. Douglass with peculiar weight, as his crops are left in an exposed condition. But a few weeks since, a Mr. Smith, living near the Columbia, had a large barn and a number of milk cows destroyed by fire, which was also communicated from burning timber. Every year we are called upon to chronicle the destruction of property through the country which is caused by the accidental or intentional firing of the woods. As the dry season of the year is at hand, the greatest possible precaution should be exercised; and the intentional firing of the woods should be severely reprehended.

TAR POTTERING STONES.—Mr. D. Rafferty, of East Portland, is occupying his leisure hours in making a set of turning lathe, or lapidary tools, with which he will aid in grinding down and polishing various kinds of stone. In collecting from different portions of the State mineral and rock specimens, Mr. Rafferty has been placed in possession of nearly a bushel of various kinds of stone, consisting of agates of all descriptions some of which are very beautiful. At present there is no professional lapidist in the State, and the stones gathered here have to be sent below to have the cutting and polishing process before they can be set in rings, breastpins, chains, etc., etc. Mr. Rafferty's intention is to devote his spare hours in placing such stones as may be of receiving a fine polish in a condition for use.

CIRCUIT COURT.—A special term of the Circuit Court for this county will be held commencing on the 23d inst., for the disposition of such cases as may be taken under advisement at the last regular term of the Court. No jury will be summoned for the special term, the cases being principally in equity suits. The regular term of the Circuit Court will begin on the first Monday of June. A full docket will have to be disposed of. The jury list for this term will be drawn on the 20th inst., and the civil docket will be completed about the 23d of the month.

TO COOS BAY.—W. W. Thayer and wife, and H. H. Lane, of East Portland, started yesterday morning bound for Coos Bay. Mr. Thayer and Mr. Lane go on business, and Mrs. Thayer accompanies these gentlemen for the purpose of recruiting in the hope of benefitting her health. The party will be absent about six weeks or two months.

BALL.—Capt. Wiley and committee have issued invitations for the first ball of the Pioneer Club until Tuesday evening, May 22d. At the meeting last evening, two new members were received, and it was decided to have a grand game shooting between the two sides which were picked against each other last Thursday evening.

NEW HALL.—The upstairs of the new wooden building situated at the corner of Fourth and I streets, East Portland, is being fitted up as a hall and room for Washington Lodge No. 48, A. F. and A. M. This new hall will be 25x80 feet, and will be elegantly furnished when ready for use.

CARELESS.—The Deputy County Clerk yesterday completed the tax roll for Road District No. 4, of which district J. M. Stott is Supervisor. This completes the rolls for the four districts, into which the county has been divided.

VERY LOW.—Many of our readers will be pained to hear that Dr. Barclay, an old resident of Oregon City, is confined to his room, at his home in the above place, with illness. His condition is critical.

NO QUORUM.—In consequence of the absence of a quorum at the regular meeting of the East Port land Board of Trustees, that body stands adjourned until next Monday evening.

IN SESSION.—The annual convocation of the Presbyterian denomination for Oregon and Washington Territory, convened at Fort Lawai, on the 9th inst.

MUTTON.—A drove of about 50 head of sheep were taken over to Kalama yesterday, on the *Jennie Troup*, intended to supply the markets on the Sound.

Martin, the grocer, sells three pounds of Folger's celebrated pure Java coffee for 90 cents, not $1, as has been advertised. He receives a fresh invoice every steamer.

### SHOOTING AFFAIR.

We are in possession of the following particulars concerning a shooting affair which took place on Sunday afternoon, on the Columbia river, at a point two miles below Rooster Rock. The parties engaged in the affray are named respectively Allison and Taylor. As we know nothing personally of the affair, or the circumstances which doubtless led to the sanguinary encounter between those parties, we merely chronicle the particulars as given to a gentleman by Allison.

E. J. Taylor, it seems, owns a farm on the Columbia, which he leased some time ago to Allison. Mutual misunderstandings had of late arisen between the landlord and tenant with reference to the management of the farm, or some other cause. This difference took such a decisive form that it resulted in Taylor endeavoring several times, within the last two months, to compel Allison to relinquish the lease and move off the farm. Up to last Saturday, Taylor's attempts in this direction had proved futile. Sunday afternoon Taylor, armed with a shot gun, either incidentally or by intention, passed through Allison's garden. When about the center of the garden, Taylor halted and began to pull up the vegetables which grew in abundance around him. Allison, when he perceived what destruction Taylor was committing, came out of his house and peremptorily ordered him to quit the premises. With this request Taylor refused to comply, stating in substance that he would suit his own convenience about leaving. This retort maddened Allison and he told the intruder that if he did not instantly vacate the premises he would see that the proper force to compel him was not wanting. Suiting the actions to his words, Allison picked up a large stone which lay near at hand, and advanced menacingly toward Taylor, who, instead of beating a retreat, drew the shotgun to his shoulder and threatened to blow daylight through Allison if he approached nearer. Finding the contest unequal, Allison returned to the house carrying along the stone. He entered the dwelling but reappeared a moment later with a pager in one hand and the stone in the other, and started toward where Taylor was still standing. Allison advanced towards Taylor until about twenty paces separated the two men, when the latter drew his gun and discharged the contents at the former. The gun was aimed directly at the head and face of Allison. About fifteen shot were lodged in the person of Allison. One shot took effect in the upper lip, just beneath the nose, penetrating to the roof of the mouth; one shot passed into the windpipe, and one in the fleshy portion of the right arm near the shoulder. The remainder of the charge was lodged in Allison's right side. Immediately after receiving the charge, Allison fired his gun at Taylor, but the aim was inaccurate and the load did not take effect. Soon after the shooting, a messenger was dispatched to East Portland for Dr. Rafferty. When that gentleman arrived he commenced an examination of Allison's wounds. He ascertained that the injuries were of a very serious, but not necessarily dangerous character. The shots from the roof of the mouth and windpipe were extracted, and one which had shattered the joint of one of his thumbs. On probing the wound in the arm the surgeon found that the shot had passed through the muscle of the limb. In its passage the ball grazed the brachial artery, but fortunately did not sever the blood vessel. Death from hemorrhage would inevitably have ensued had the artery been cut in twain. None of the shot which took effect in the side are thought to have entered the cavity, many of them having lodged in the clothes. When the physician left Allison he was resting comfortably, and the prospects were quite favorable to his recovery. Taylor came to this city yesterday and surrendered himself to the authorities. He will be held to await the result of Allison's injuries.

### LOCAL BREVITIES.

More Modoc news.

Due this evening—the *Ajax*.

The objective point now—the locks.

Strong indications of rain yesterday.

I. O. R. M.'s picnic the biggest thing out.

Fabre, Central Market, has coffee without an equal.

County Court will probably adjourn to-day, for the term.

Capt. West is on hand every time a steamer is locked through.

Representatives of the press out in full force at yesterday's picnic.

Like a spectre is the burnt steamer *Alice* in the basin at Oregon City.

The Oregon City *Enterprise* issued an extra yesterday about—Modoc news.

A set-to between two Scotch terriers attracted a crowd yesterday on Oak street.

Our reporter who "does up" picnics, had 'em on the brain considerable last night.

Mayor Moltmer, of Oregon City, lent his presence to the scene as the excursion party passed through the locks.

Will Saunders, late of this city, has purchased the entire interest of Mr. O. Blinn in the tin business at Empire City.

Jinks is of the opinion that the ladies like the name of Annie because so many excursionated on the *Annie Stewart* yesterday.

The schooner *California*, which is intended as a Columbia river pilot boat, sailed from San Francisco for this port on the 5th inst.

A highly prized and valuable dog narrowly escaped death yesterday by being crushed under the apron of the Stark street ferry.

### PICNICS ON SCHOOL DAYS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

As Superintendent of the Public Schools I feel it my duty to deprecate the appointment of picnics or children's excursions on schooldays. I do this in the kindest spirit, and in the fullest sympathy with these holidays, when adjusted to the highest interests of the rising generation.

The true evil in the matter is not appreciated, at first sight. It seems to be the loss of only a single school day, and we good-naturedly think "the children will work all the better, and make it up next week." It needs but a moment's thought, however, to see that a principle is involved, whose influence extends very widely, and touches directly upon the issues of order and character.

The habit of *duty*, is the most important result of a good education. Over and under what may be learned, is the habit of being always in one's place, of presenting thorough work, and meeting honestly everywhere the obligations of life. Any theory of education which omits the moral power laid up in punctuality, regularity and fidelity, will surely fail in its trust. The point of grave responsibility is, therefore, that duty and pleasure are set over against each other; the *schools go on*; but two or three hundred places are empty and just as many consciences are injured. I am sure it has not occurred to our good people that they encourage and sanction *wholesale* truancy, whenever they thus appoint children's celebrations. Their attention needs only to be called to it, to prevent any recurrence.

It is a proper time to remind every parent of the injury done to children by suffering lax notions of obligation to enter their minds. We cannot plant the principles of fidelity too early. Let a boy or girl learn to feel that school is a post of *duty*, never to be shirked for any cause except positive sickness; that it is a post to be filled at all inconvenience or sacrifice of pleasure, with punctuality and regularity, and you lay a foundation for character, and impart a habit of fidelity and truth which will extend to all the relations of mature life.

The appointments of children's excursions upon school days, even when accidental, is itself a result of the lax views of parents and of the whole community, upon these subjects. We blame, therefore, not individuals, but the *public sentiment*, when the schools are half emptied, as they were last Friday.

Trusting that the spirit of this communication will be understood, and that our pleasures may never be suffered to interfere with our duties.

I am yours,

T. L. ELIOT.

PORTLAND, May 10, 1873.

During the past few years immense advances have been made in the study and practice of medicine, one of the most important discoveries being the curative properties of the Eucalyptus or Australian Gum Tree. Dr. Coleman's preparations of Eucalyptus, for the cure of fever and ague, remittent fever, and all diseases of the kidneys, bladder, etc., have already acquired the position of standard medicines, and their formulæ will undoubtedly be found in all new editions of Medical Pharmacopœias. They are the result of two years' hospital experiments, and are daily gaining in popularity.

W. Friedlander, opposite the Post office, still continues with his New York prices for Watch work. He charges for clearing a watch ONLY two dollars, for a mainspring, $1 50, for watch-glass, 25 cents.

Wall paper of every pattern and hanging of wall paper done by Paul Richter.

Contractors will notice the advertisement "To Contractors," in our advertising columns to-day.

### I. O. R. M.

FIRST GRAND PICNIC OF THE SEASON.

Early yesterday morning crowds began to assemble on Carter's new wharf, at the foot of Alder street, the starting point of the picnic given by the Improved Order of Red Men. The steamer *Annie Stewart* was chartered for the occasion, and a more desirable steamer could not have been selected. Upon the arrival of a wagon load of life preservers, the security of excursionists and an early start was assured. At half past eight o'clock the lines were cast loose and the *Annie Stewart* steamed up the river with a cargo of fully six hundred souls, most of whom took advantage of the trip to afford themselves an opportunity of viewing the much talked of locks. The wharf was crowded with people, as also the streets in the immediate vicinity, and on the top of buildings could be seen persons anxious to see the excursion party off. The East Portland Band struck up a lively tune amid much cheering on the boat and on shore. Opposite the foot of Taylor street the boat was stopped sufficient time to admit of the boat being photographed by Mr. Dennie, the artist, who, alive to the occasion, was on hand with the necessary equipments. The boat is now under full headway, and as she plows along handkerchiefs are waived from houses along the river and the greeting invariably responded to. Some delay is occasioned at Oswego, where a party stepped aboard, but the manner of embarking was a tedious one—by small boat from shore to the steamer. Onward the boat speeds with its living freight. The rapids are approached, and after gradually feeling the way the boat passes safely through. A landing is effected at Oregon City, where some debark and embark, and the band furnishes the crowd on shore with a favorite composition. Proceeding across the river the entry of the famous locks is began. Many had their doubts about the possibility of the boat passing through the long canal and locks. With extreme care the opening and locking of the gates was managed, and in an hour and thirty minutes the sensation experienced,—by many for the first time,—of passing through the locks, was over. Not an accident occurred every precaution being taken to prevent anything of the kind. Once out of the canal, the boat soon reached the grounds, a beautiful spot, where all stepped ashore with their provender, etc. It being past twelve and everybody's appetite sharpened, shady nooks were selected and each commissary spread a bountiful supply to the little family circle and such guests as were invited. Luncheon disposed of, those inclined to trip the light fantastic, made their way to the large platform which had been prepared for the occasion. Music wafted in the breeze and the dancers moved about very happily through the waltz, lancers, etc. Some spent their time in walking about; others played ball, and none seemed to want for enjoyment, for it was there and all were free to partake of it in any manner they desired. At half past two o'clock, Mr. A. B. Hallock delivered the address, which seemed to give satisfaction to those who listened to it. Speech making was only occupying time, and the dancers were apparently most anxious to have ceremonies dispensed with. During the afternoon a bevy of pretty girls from Oregon City, together with their attendants, mingled with the happy throng. The festivities lasted till after five o'clock, then a march was made for the boat. All safely aboard, the steamer was headed down stream, and with less delay than on the up trip, the boat passed through the locks and on to Portland, arriving at the wharf at 8 P. M. A more jolly crowd than that which left the *Annie Stewart* last evening we have never met. Can more be said? To Captain Bass Miller, at the helm, Capt. Gilman at the engines, and to Mr. Elijah Corbett, who had charge of the steamer, the excursionists owe many thanks for the precaution exercised by them in the management of the steamer. The *Annie* has made her first trip through the locks, and with satisfaction to all concerned.

### COURT PROCEEDINGS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—SAWYER, DEADY, JJ.

MONDAY, May 12, 1873.

Wm. K. Smith vs Wilson Bowlby; Action to recover money on account of income tax alleged to have been illegally assessed and collected; motion to make complaint more definite and certain, argued and submitted.

Henry Failing vs Benj. Stark; suit to quiet title; cause on trial.

Adjourned.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—BEFORE HENDERSON, REGISTER.

*In re.*—B. Hamburger; in bankruptcy; Joseph Buchman appointed assignee.

*In re* Thomas Ryan in bankruptcy; Joseph Buchman appointed assignee.

Adjourned.

COUNTY COURT—HAMILTON, J.

Ordered that the County Clerk be authorized and instructed to furnish the District Attorney with a list of the names of persons from whom ferry, liquor and other licenses are now due the county, and any other information of record that may be necessary to prosecute suits against said parties.

In the matter of the estate of Frederick Stahl, deceased; part of testimony heard, and case continued until to-morrow.

Adjourned.

### AMUSEMENTS.

There will be a picnic at the new grounds opposite Canemah next Sunday. The *Annie Stewart* will convey the party, which will be under the management of Mr. Otto Truer.

### PERSONAL.

Col. W. W. Chapman who was expected to arrive here some time ago, is now in Europe attending the Worlds' Exposition at Vienna, and consequently will not return here for some months yet.

THE COURT OF THE VATICAN.—The *Cerarchia Cattolica* for 1773, published at Rome, gives some very curious statistics about the Cardinals of the Roman Catholic Church. The total number of the existing Cardinals is forty-five, but there are twenty-seven vacancies. Twenty-one of the Cardinals are upward of seventy years of age; the youngest Cardinal is Prince Lucien Bonaparte, who is forty-five, and was made Cardinal at the age forty. Of the other high functionaries of the Church, including Bishops, Vicars Apostolic, and Prafects Apostolic, the total number is 975 (this is inclusive of Monsignor Mermillod). One hundred and three of these appointments are vacant. Of the present Cardinals, eight were appointed by Pope Gregory XVI., and thirty-seven by Pius IX. During the long pontificate of the latter no fewer than ninety-seven Cardinals have died, most of whom were appointed by himself. The number of Nuncios and Internuncios of the Holy See at foreign Courts is eight—one in Austria, one in Bavaria, one in Belgium, one in Brazil, one in France, one in Holland, one in Portugal, and one in Switzerland. Besides these there are three delegates in the South American Republics and the West Indies. The diplomatic corps accredited to the Holy See consists of representatives of Austria, Bavaria, Belgium, Brazil, France, Monaco, Peru, Portugal and San Salvador. It thus appears that though there is a Papal Nuncio at Amsterdam, Holland does not send a diplomatic representative to the Pope.

A correspondent from Genoa informs us that on the anniversary of Mazzini's death, the public were allowed to see his body, which is being embalmed. It was quite dressed, with patent leather boots, black trousers, and wrapped up in a large dressing gown. The right hand on his breast; the left straight by the side of the body, his looks turned toward the visitors; his face of a brown yellow color, and on the face and head the natural hair neatly dressed. The articulations were flexible, and the flesh soft. The preparation, however, is still in its first period; in a year, according to the physician who has undertaken the performance, the articulations will become stiff, the flesh stony, preserving its nature and proportions, and the face from brown yellow, will assume once more its natural color. The corpse was exposed for three days up to the 11th inst., and was guarded by two members of the club Ponsiero ed Azione, two Free Masons, and two members of the Commission of the anniversary. The crowd of people, Italian and foreigners, who respectfully visited the body, was immense; it is supposed that more than 60,000 persons entered the chapel during the three days, without reckoning the immense crowds assembled on the day of the commemoration.

The Babcock Fire Extinguisher Company caution all parties against manufacturing the extinguisher. Read the ad.

If you want the wives who bed, parlor and bedroom suits, the best springs and pure hair mattresses, go to Burgren & Shindler.

### The North Pacific Railroad.

[From the Kalama Beacon, May 10.]

There is an unofficial report that Mr. Montgomery has a further extension of sixty miles to his present forty, to be constructed this season. If the report is true, (and we have faith in it) the extension will reach Port Susan about the Tulalup Indian Reservation, about thirty miles past and north of Seattle.

For a fortnight past, a train has been employed hauling sand upon the side tracks in town between the machine and car shops, and a gang of Chinamen is engaged at raising the side tracks to grade—those which lead from the machine to car shop via warehouse, etc.

Six superior platform cars were completed last week, and as many box cars are now to be commenced immediately. The workmanship and wood material of these cars experts claim to be equal to the same class of cars turned out of any other car shop on the continent. Mr. J. F. Cartis, general foreman and D. W. Treat, foreman of the car shop, are entitled to the credit of these specimens of car manufacture.

Montgomery has about a thousand men at work on the forty mile extension northward from Tenino, and is busy at grading in the vicinity of Tenino, on the extension northward; it is said that six miles will be ready for the ties next week.

Montgomery is paying $1 75 in coin to the unskilled white laboring force, such as choppers, teamsters, etc., Chinese, $1 00.

Iron for twenty three miles of track is now piled up here, leaving the balance of the iron to be provided in the interim to December next, which is reported to be satisfactorily arranged for.

If you want pure, fine liquors of any kind, go to E. D. Tyne's, northwest corner of Oak and First streets, agent for the sale of Jessie Moore & Co.'s fine Old Bourbon and Rye Whiskies of Louisville, Ky.

Mr. John Kennedy, formerly of the Philadelphia Shoe Store, is now at the San Francisco Shoe Store with Fleischner & Crone, where he will be pleased to wait upon his friends and customers, with one of the largest and finest stocks of boots and shoes on the coast. He will also continue to take measure for ladies' custom-made shoes.

A number of dry goods boxes emptied of their contents lead the public to believe that something new had just been opened, and upon closer inspection it was found that the boxes were addressed to J. O'Neil & Co., 95 First street, who had but a few moments before piled up in their store an extensive and varied stock of clothing, gentlemen's furnishing goods, and cloths of fine texture for the manufacture of spring styles in gentlemen's and boys' clothing.

The public mind has been somewhat agitated with the Modoc war, an occasional marine or railway disaster, and the dull times, and the prospect of buying clothing at a figure not large enough to clean a man to the bedrock. The place has been found where you can buy men and boys' clothing, or gentlemen's furnishing goods, at the very lowest prices. It is at Beck & Waldman's, corner of Front and Washington street, where a full assortment of men and boys' clothing, in the latest styles, can be selected from.

The *Times* says Dr. Walpole has lost his beautiful chestnut mare. She died suddenly in harness, it is supposed from bots or pin worms. If the Doctor had used *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders*, he would, no doubt, have had his mare to-day. They are death on worms.

CAUTION.—In our changeable climate, coughs, colds, and diseases of the throat, lungs and chest will always prevail. Cruel consumption will claim its victims. These diseases, if attended to in time, can be arrested and cured. The remedy is *Dr. Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.*

Lung troubles must be treated at once. Neglect of them brings sorrow, pain and regret. Thousands have told of the almost miraculous effects of *Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry.* For coughs, colds, bronchitis, and all lung troubles, it is unequaled.

A first-class photograph is worth a *good price.* A poor one is of *no value whatever.* Therefore the motto of Buchtel & Stolte is—Superior work, equal to any in the United States, for which we demand a good price, and receive the same. Our new Viewing Wagon, for Scenic Views, is now ready, and all orders for pictures of buildings, etc., promptly attended to, at the First Premium Gallery, No 91 First street, Portland, Oregon.

Chapped hands are very common with those who have their hands much in water. A few drops of *Johnson's Anodyne Liniment* rubbed over the hands two or three times a day will keep them soft and white. Fishermen, sailors and others will do well to remember this.

FRAGRANT SOZODONT hardens and invigorates the gums, purifies and perfumes the breath, cleanses, beautifies and preserves the teeth from youth to old age. Sold by all Druggists. 21

UPHAM'S FRESH MEAT CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. And all Bronchial and Pulmonary affections, carefully prepared from the formula of Prof. Trousseau of Paris, who used it with such astonishing efficacy in the hospitals of that city, as to attract the attention of the faculty to its wonderful merits.

It is now used here with like great efficacy, giving new life to many hopeless cases, relieving all.

Sold at $1 00 per Bottle, or six for $5 00.

JOHN NEWMAN & CO., Druggists, San Francisco, Agents for Pacific Coast.

Tiger Engine Co. No. 5.—Special meeting at No. 4's Engine House, at 7:30 o'clock, this (Monday) evening. Full attendance is particularly desired.

By order, PRESIDENT.

Dickey's Creme de Lis.—For cleansing and preserving the Teeth, Beautifying the Complexion, and removing Freckles, Eruptions, Sunburn and Tan. A new combination, equal to the best French preparations, and free from their poisonous ingredients. Invented by Geo Dickey, Chemist. m6d&m1:16m

Samaritan Lodge No. 5, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Wednesday Evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Hassalo Lodge No. 18, I. O. O. F.—Meets every Friday evening at 8 o'clock, in Odd Fellows Temple, corner First and Alder Streets. Members of the order are invited to attend. By order of N. G.

Harmony Lodge, No. 14, A. F. & A. M.—Regular Communications on the Second and Fourth Monday evenings of each month. By order of the W. M.

### ARE YOU LAME?

With Rheumatism, Gout, Stiff Joints, Sprains, Bruises, Partial Paralysis or Lame Back? Are you afflicted with Neuralgia, Nervous Headache, Toothache, Earache, Sore Throat, Colic, Cramps, Pleurisy, Pain in the Breast or Sides, or any internal or external aches or pains? If so, use the never failing family remedy, PRATT'S ABOLITION OIL. Price, small, fifty cents; large, one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

### PURIFY YOUR BLOOD!

Cure Scrofulous Eruptions, Skin Diseases, Heal old Sores, regulate your Bowels, invigorate your Liver, cure Fever and Ague, Constipation, Piles and Dyspepsia, with the Great Vegetable Blood Purifier and Liver Regulator, PRATT'S NEW LIFE. Price one dollar. For sale by all druggists.

A. McBOYLE & CO., Druggists and Chemists, a23 13pm San Francisco, Sole Proprietors.

### LISTEN FOR THE BELL!

## MILK! MILK!

At 6 1-4 Cents per Quart.

FROM

RATHBUN'S MAMMOTH DAIRY.

STOP THE CART WHEN THE BELL RINGS

### TO WOOL-GROWERS.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE FOR SALE, JUST Just landed,

GILROY WOOL BAGS 40x90;

a21 HEWETT, WILSON & CO.

### Private Tuition.

LESSONS GIVEN IN LATIN AND GREEK AND in all the English branches. Scholars will be received either in the DAY or EVENING, or instruction at their own residences. Particular attention given to preparing young men for College or for business. Also, to acquire a knowledge of the English language. Apply at Cornell's Cabinet Rooms, corner of Front and Morrison streets, up stairs, or address box B, P. O. m8d1w

### Third Street Store.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ENTIRE STOCK IN TRADE of Messrs. Taylor & Co., of which we will sell the same, as well as our own, consisting in part of CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, at a small advance over cost for the next 60 days. We find it to sell right out, and therefore offer our entire stock for sale at Third street, between Morrison and Yamhill, three doors south of Masonic Hall

m14dwlm

IF YOUR WATCH IS OUT OF ORDER, Hand it to

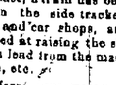
WOICKA,

No. 71 First street,

(NEXT TO LADD & TILTON'S BANK.)

A Jewelry repaired promptly and satisfactorily, at moderate prices.

STEAM, SULPHUR, VAPOR BATHS



For the cure of COUGHS, COLDS, RHEUMATISM and MERCURIAL AFFECTIONS. The attention of sufferers from Colds is directed to these Baths, as one or two will remove the severest Cold. Also,

Warm, Cold and Shower Baths.

Steam or Vapor Baths, $1 00; Warm Baths, 50 cents.

LUDWIG WILHELM, Proprietor,

Wiegand's Old Stand,

Washington street, near Front

### Millinery Goods.

MILLINERY, MILLINERY

DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

All the Latest Styles

And everything pertaining to the business on hand.

NEW GOODS BY EVERY STEAMER

SOLD LOW, CHEAPER THAN EVER, to suit the times. Drop in and judge for yourself, at

P. VAN FRIDACH'S,

79 DEKUM'S BUILDING, FIRST ST.

### For Sale.

### For Sale.

A GOOD PAYING AND WELL ESTABLISHED MERcantile business, well situated in the center of the city. Terms easy. Capital from $1,000 to $2,000. Address P. O. BOX 416. m8d3t

### Hotel for Sale.

THE FURNITURE, FIXTURES AND APPURTENances contained in the "C. C. JONES HOTEL" in this city, with lease of building

Proposals will be received after date from this date. By order of the Board of Directors of the Hotel Company.

PORTLAND, May 8, 1873. E. D. SHATTUCK, President.

WM. R. SEWALL, Sec'y. m8d10d

### Notice.

In offering the above property of the "WILLAMETTE HOTEL COMPANY" for sale, it is not the intention to disturb the present management of the "C. CHARLES HOTEL." Such sale will be made subject to Mr. Spregg-er's lease from said Company.

E. D. SHATTUCK, President.

WM. R. SEWALL, Secretary. m12

### NEW TUG BOAT FOR SALE.

A SUBSTANTIAL AND FINELY MODELED TUG BOAT of 123 tons burthen, just completed, for sale. The vessel can be seen on the stocks at Westport. She is built of yellow fir, carefully selected by the builders, Messrs. Howe & Stevens.

For particulars apply to HOWE & STEPHENS, Westport, Clatsop Co., Or., April 27, 1873. a29d2w

### For Sale,

SEVEN ACRES OF LAND, THREE MILES south of the city of Portland, fenced and cross-fenced with picketed fence; GOOD HOUSES, THREE WELLS OF GOOD WATER; Large Orchard running through the place; outbuildings; Young Orchard containing 60 Cherry Trees, bearing; Peach, Plum, Apple and Pear Trees; Gooseberries, Raspberries, Blackberries, Strawberries, and other shrubbery too numerous to mention. ALL GOOD BOTTOM LAND, and in No. 1 condition, and is on a good thoroughfare. The property has GOT TO BE SOLD. Title perfect. Price $3,000 cash down. Call at or address 103 Second street, Portland.

a23-1w1m

### For Sale.

12 sets BILLIARD BALLS;
12 Screen BAGATELLE BALLS;
65 yards best SIMONE'S CLOTH;
2 dozen boxes CUE CHALK;
12 sets NEW CUES;
800 gals SONOMA WINE (old);
4c dozen RHINE WINE (imported).
200 gals FINE WHISKY;

For sale at REDUCED RATES. Send orders to a23d1m C. A. ROSCHARDT.

### For Sale

TWENTY-TWO ACRES AND A HALF OF LAND, belonging to the estate of Jacob Hawn, adjoining the town of St. Johns, on Yamhill river. For further particulars, inquire of JAMES HAWN, a9d1m North Yamhill, Yamhill county, Oregon.

### Wants.

### Wanted,

A SITUATION AS SALESMAN IN A WHOLESALE Dry Goods or Gro cery Store, by one who has had ten year's experience on this coast and is capable of conducting a business, if required. Address m6d6t SALESMAN, at this office.

### BOOK AGENTS WANTED!

To sell the

"Rocky Mountain Saints,"

By T. B. H. STENHOUSE,

Twenty-five years a Mormon Elder, Missionary, and Editor and Proprietor of the Salt Lake *Daily Telegraph.*

THE ONLY FULL, RELIABLE AND COMPLETE History of the Mormons, with their faith and doings for fifty years; together with an account of the Great Mineral Wealth of the Territory of Utah, etc. Large octavo, of nearly 800 pages and numerous elegant Engravings. The Book contains many startling incidents never before made public. It is just the book for the people and will have an immense sale. For terms and territory apply to A. L. BANCROFT & CO. m6d1w3p 11 Montgomery St., San Francisco.

### To Let.

### For Rent,

A BRICK STORE ROOM 25x100 FEET; also an OFFICE in Second Story of Brick Building. Apply at THIS OFFICE.

### Furnished Rooms To Rent.

S. E. COR. WASHINGTON AND FIFTH STS. CLEANEST IN T.WN.

### To Let.

THREE FURNISHED ROOMS, CONVENIENTLY located. References exchanged. Address P. O. Box 64. a23

### Just Received

AT

HARRIS & BLUM'S

A full stock of

BLACK AND COLORED SILKS!

JAPANESE SILKS AND POPLINS,

Plain and Striped;

POPLIN ALPACAS in all shades;

IRISH POPLINS in all shades;

GRENADINES & BAREGES

*MARSEILLES AND PIQUES,*

DRESS LINENS AND GRASS CLOTH.

Which we offer at EXTREMELY LOW RATES.

We invite special attention to our

LADIES & CHILDREN'S READY-MADE SUITS!

CASSIMERES and CLOTHS FOR BOYS' WEAR.

A full assortment of

BROADCLOTHS, BEAVERS, DOESKINS and TAILORS' TRIMMINGS on hand.

HARRIS & BLUM,

111 First street (opposite Occidental Hotel), Portland.

### C. C. FITCH,

No. 136 First street,

IS IN RECEIPT OF A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Merchandise consisting in part of

BLACK AND COLORED ALPACCA,

EMPRESS CLOTH,

PLAIN and TWILLED RED FLANNEL,

WHITE FLANNEL,

FAMILY BLANKETS, BED COMFORTS,

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES.

HATS and CAPS,

MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING and UNDERWEAR, etc., etc.

All of which will be sold

Cheap for Cash.

Please call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.

GOLD.

VELVET.

SATIN,

AND OTHER

WALL PAPER,

Window Shades,

Etc., Etc., for sale by

GEORGE T. STORY,

45 Front Street.

COLEMANS Dr. J. B. Coleman's Compound Extract of Eucalyptus EUCALYPTUS

is a preparation combining all the valuable medicinal qualities of the Eucalyptus, which is cultivated in nearly every California garden for its medicinal utility, having taken the place in the household remedy for all diseases of the KIDNEYS, BLADDER and URINARY CANALS, and SEMINAL WEAKNESS. It seems to have a direct affinity for the GENITO-URINARY Organs and their surroundings, and cures them by its alterative, healing and tonic properties more effectually than any other known remedy.

It is an invaluable remedy for all diseases of the mucous and serous membranes, such as BRONCHITIS, HACKING COUGH, NAUSEA DURING PREGNANCY, DYSPEPSIA, LEUCORRHŒA, etc.

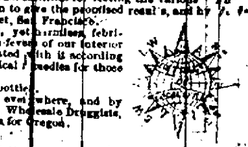
This preparation is the result of Dr. Coleman's experiments with the medicinal properties of the tree in the U.S. Marine Hospital in San Francisco, in 1871 and 1872, where he had unusual facilities for testing the various modes of preparing the remedy, and the cures in each case of testimonials of its efficacy can be seen at his office, 605 Kearney street, San Francisco.

COLEMAN'S DOUBLE EXTRACT OF EUCALYPTUS is a powerful, yet harmless, febrifuge, and is a special preparation for the treatment of the malarious fevers of our interior valleys, and is warranted to cure any case of FEVER AND AGUE treated with it according to direction, while the baneful results of the nasal Quinine and arsenical Needles for those diseases are entirely avoided.

FOR PHYSICIANS, Coleman's Fluid Extract of Eucalyptus in 1-lb bottles.

Beware of imitations, and take none but COLEMAN'S. For sale everywhere, and by

EUCALYPTUS. Hodge, Calef & Co., Wholesale Druggists, Portland, Sole Agents for Oregon.



# HALLET, DAVIS & CO.'S PIANOS

Mme. Peschka Leutner to Messrs. Hallet, Davis & Co.

GENTLEMEN:—HAVING HAD THE OPPORTUNITY TO LISTEN TO YOUR PIANOS UNDER the playing of Herr Franz Remdel and Madame Arabella Goddard, at the World's Peace Jubilee, and to them as accompaniment to my voice in a room of less size, it gives me pleasure to add my testimony to their SUPERIORITY OVER ANY OTHER PIANOS I HAVE HEARD OR USED.

Boston, July, 1872. (Signed) MINNA PESCHKA LEUTNER.

# GEO. WOOD & CO.'S Organs!

THESE INSTRUMENTS ARE CELEBRATED THE WORLD OVER FOR THEIR REMARKABLY PURE and Brilliant quality of tone. Call and examine these splendid, new Organs before purchasing.

W. K. BADGER,

Morrison and Third Sts., Portland.

### The Light-Running NEW HOME

COMBINING AN OSCILLATING SHUTTLE DRIVER and DOUBLE-FEED motion and slotted plate for moving the needle. Made by the manufacturers of the Favorite HOME SHUTTLE Sewing Machines. Straight in front and self-adjusting tension.

EXCELSIOR OTHERS!

Invoices of both Machines received direct from the manufactory every month. SOLD FROM $10 TO $15 LESS THAN ANY OTHER FIRST-CLASS MACHINE. NO EXTRA HEADLIN or water-wheel attachment required to run them.

Call and See the HOME Before Buying.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

G. W. TRAVER, General Agent,

ODD FELLOWS' TEMPLE. Entrance on that or Alder street.

### Madame la Duchesse de Montpensier.

The Princess Anne Marie Louise d'Orleans, Duchesse de Montpensier, but better known as Mademoiselle, and not unfrequently spoken of as La Grande Mademoiselle, was of the most royal birth in France, being the only legitimate granddaughter of Henry IV., and the wealthiest heiress in Europe, succeeding as she did, even in the lifetime of her father, Gaston, Duke of Orleans, to the vast possessions of her mother, the representative of the house of Montpensier. As such, the arrangement of a marriage for her might naturally have been expected to have been among the first objects of solicitude, not only to the relatives who could guide the disposals of her hand, but still more to those who might hope to obtain it; and never has so varied and royal a list of candidates been offered to any lady's acceptance. An emperor, three kings, and kings' brothers and cousins almost without number, had their pretensions to her favor successively discussed; but, chiefly through her own caprice or indifference, all the great matches which were proposed for her came to nothing. Though for a moment she favored one or two of the suggested connections, she admits frankly that in those instances she was attracted by the position of her intended husband rather than by himself, and the first person who ever awakened her serious liking was no prince of any nation, but only a younger brother of a noble family, that of Lauzun, whom she eventually married. Even apart from her rank and wealth her personal charms were sufficient to attract suitors enough, if her own description of them may be believed; for she undertakes to describe her appearance with as much minuteness and as much fidelity as her actions. In her description she certainly does not seem greatly to disguise her defects; and, as candor on such a subject is perhaps more trying to female vanity than even a confession of faults of character or errors of conduct, and is certainly at least as rare, our readers may probably not be unwilling to see this portrait of the first lady of the French Court in its most gorgeous age, drawn by herself:

"I am tall, neither fat nor thin; of a very fine and graceful figure. My neck is tolerably shapely; my arms and hands are not good, but my skin is fair. My legs are straight; my feet are well formed; my hair light, of a pretty ash-color. My face is long, its contour pretty; my nose large and aquiline; my mouth is neither large nor small, but symmetrical, and with a very agreeable expression. My lips are too; my teeth not good, but not very bad; my eyes blue, neither large nor small, but bright, soft, and commanding, like my countenance. I have a lofty manner, without being conceited. I am civil and familiar; but in a way rather to gain respect than to allow any one to fail in it. I am very indifferent about my dress; but never untidy; I hate slovenliness. I am always neat, and, whether dressed carefully or carelessly, all I put on is in good taste. I do not mean that I do not look incomparably better when carefully got up, but carelessness is less injurious to me than to others, because, without flattering myself, while I do injustice to all I wear everything I put on becomes me. I talk a great deal without taking nonsense or using bad expressions, and I never speak of what I do not understand."

In other passages she gives us a little additional insight into the favorite amusements and tastes of her youth, and also into her disposition. She hated cards; she was very fond of dancing and of hunting; still more of laughing at people, though so far was she from thinking ridicule a mark of ill-nature, that she would rather be laughed at herself than pitied. She liked the company of all brave, honest men, especially soldiers; she was fond of conversation on military topics. As for reading, to which she was addicted, in prose she preferred books on serious solid subjects; of poetry she liked all sorts, good, bad, and indifferent. Her disposition, as she paints it, was a pretty equal and not unusual mixture of good qualities with others not altogether condemnable. She piqued herself on nothing so much as on the warmth and steadiness of her friendship, which, however, was shown rather in confiding great amounts when in paying petty attentions. She was an ill keeper of secrets, and was incapable of anything base. She was temperate in eating and drinking, and (though it was certainly not the virtue of that age) she was free from any propensity to gallantry. She was the most grateful person in the world. And if these are not especially feminine virtues, she was not without those which commonly are rather the attributes of the sterner sex. She was ambitious, courageous, decided, resolute, and possessed of the most perfect self-command. On the other hand, she was hot-tempered, impetuous and spiteful as an enemy; and so self-willed, owing to the good opinion she had of herself, and her contempt for every one else, that she would rather have led her life in solitude than put the slightest restraint on her humor, even if her fortune depended on it. It will hardly be denied that such frankness of self-portraiture is so unusual as of itself to give a favorable impression of the artist, and the more so, since the chief events of her career, as related by others besides herself, prove it to have been very fairly accurate and impartial.—*Edinburgh Review.*

### Autobiography of George Francis—An Amusing Scene in Court.

The following is from the N. Y. *Times* of 24th of April:

The Special Court, organized for the purpose of deciding as to the soundness of mind of George Francis Train, resumed its proceedings yesterday afternoon. Almost the entire sitting was consumed in the cross-examination of Dr. Meredith Clymer by Mr. Clark Bell. In the course of the proceedings, a "boiled down" autobiography of Mr. Train was read in evidence, which recited, among his experiences and achievements, the following: Born in 1820; in 1834 his father, mother, and three sisters died of yellow fever in New Orleans; in 1842 had five years' coil-ge life in Holmes' grocery store, Cambridgeport, Mass.; in 1840 established the Liverpool firm of Train & Co., organizing prepaid passenger business and small bills of exchange throughout Europe and America; in 1853 established the Melbourne shipping house of George F. Train & Co.; same year declined the Presidency of the Australian Republic, tendered by the Ballarat revolutionists, at the same time refusing a seat in the Colonial Legislature, and attending the dinner given to Smith O'Brien and John Martin, after the escape of Mitchel and Meagher; from 1855 to 1858, his voyages around the world, and publication of his books by the Putnams; in 1858 received $100,000 commissions for negotiating the bonds of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad; in 1859 and 1860, built street railways in Birkenhead, London, Staffordshire Potteries, and Darlington; in 1861 espoused the Union cause in London, and encountered furious opposition from the British authorities, had his city railroad condemned as a nuisance, and himself tried for manslaughter, a man having been killed by the street cars. Then follow in rapid succession his ovation at Boston; lectures, commencement of Kansas Pacific Railway, organizing Union Pacific Railway and obtaining original capital of $3,000,000; organizing Credit Mobilier, capital $10,000,000; and Credit Foncier, with 100 millionaires as partners; going to Ireland, and his arrest there; going to France, and his arrest there; giving Susan B. Anthony $15,000 to start the *Revolution*; winding up, after innumerable perils by land and sea, with a fight against "sham Christianity," and settling down amid his epigrams and prophesies, in his last Pastile, the city prison.

Mr. Bell having concluded his cross examination of Dr. Clymer, Mr. Train desired to ask a few questions:

Q.—Do you believe Lord Brougham was insane? A.—I never examined Lord Brougham, and therefore cannot say.

Q.—Are you the author of that? (handing the witness a slip of printed matter). A.—I am.

Q.—Did you say there that Lord Brougham was insane? A.—All that I said was, that according to his biographer, Lord Campbell, he was insane.

Q.—(Presenting a form of commitment used by police justices.) Would you, from your knowledge of me, sign that paper? A.—No; I would not sign it in its present form, which certifies you to be dangerous to yourself and others.

Q.—Is mental activity insanity? A.—In cases of super-mental activity, it is.

Here Mr. Train unrolled about twenty pages of the Toledo *Sun*, which he submitted as additional mental evidence of his activity. This, he said, contained only productions from his pen during the time he had been in the city prison. This piece of testimony created considerable amusement in court, which was promptly suppressed. Before closing, Mr. Train insisted on making a point in behalf of the prisoners in the Tombs, by presenting to Dr. Clymer a work showing the prison to be unfit for human habitation, and of which the latter admitted the authorship.

The conclusion of Dr. Clymer's testimony was, that Mr. Train was not capable of distinguishing between right and wrong, so far as the publication for which he is indicted is concerned.

### The Epizootic and its Remedies.

As it is reasonable to expect the Epizootic to reach this place at any time, we publish the following from the San Francisco *Rural Press*, for the benefit of owners of horses:

The Epizooty is upon us. As a sanitary measure, rigid cleanliness and a full and perfect ventilation in any place where horses are kept in buildings or stables, but never exposing them to drafts of cold air.

Feed warm bran mash twice a day, and take the liquor of boiled flaxseed to mix the mash with.

A little pure whisky daily, say half a pint, to stimulate. Liniment for external application on throat, composed of turpentine and sweet oil.

Sponge the nostrils with a solution of salt and hot vinegar, also wash the mouth with a weak solution of the same. Wet the hay slightly with vinegar. Blanket thoroughly, and give a little exercise daily.

In Pennsylvania, horses kept warm and clean, not worked or exposed, with light food, such as bran and boiled oats, with a little hay, were successfully treated without medicine.

In Tennessee, a warm dry bed, mild food, avoiding exposure to wind and rain, constitutes the remedy.

In New Jersey, those did best who kept their horses in stables, without giving any medicines, or resorted to any other treatment than a due regard to cleanliness.

A city paper remarks, that the proprietors of the establishment to refine borax on Powell street near Chestnut, have satisfied themselves that they have found a protection against the epizootic. Knowing that borax has a healing influence on inflammation of the mucus membrane of the mouth, in the human genus, they gave four ounces daily of it, refined and purverized, in their food, to each of their horses, not one of whom has been attacked, while many others about them, not thus protected, have been afflicted. The horses like the medicine. Physicians, familiar with the qualities of borax, anticipate favorable results from the use of the new remedy.

SPECIMENS OF ANAGRAMS.—German anagrams are comparatively rare. They may be said, from the specimen mentioned by Wheatley, to be as poor as they are rare. This is the specimen: At the general peace of 1814, a portion of Saxony fell to Prussia. The King, to commemorate this addition to his kingdom, issued a new coinage of six-dollars, with the name *ein Reichstaler*. The Saxons, by that collateral species of anagrams before-mentioned, divided this word into *ein Reich stahl er* (he stole a kingdom). So the French in *La Sainte Alliance* found *La Sainte Canaille*. The derivations of *Leben* (life) from *Nebel* (a cloud), and of *Sarg* (a coffin) from *Gras* (grass), are simply palindromes.

Italian anagrams are still rarer than German. If in the one following the lady-subject was as beautiful as the anagram is happy, she must have been indeed a cynosure for neighboring eyes. Anna Dudleia *E'la nuda Diana*. In this, there is a theoresis of the diphthong, which is allowed even in the pure anagram.

Anagrams have been, we have already said, frequently used as *noms de guerre*. So Voltaire is derived from Arouet l. j. or Arouet le jeune. "Frip," the signature of Jean Paul Friedrich Richter, is an anagram of his initials. So W. Jerdan wrote for the *Literary Gazette* under the title of W. J. Andre. Another celebrated poet known, like Voltaire, to few but by his *nom de plume*, was Bryan Waller Proctor, whose name was metamorphosed by an impure anagrammatism into "Barry Cornwall, poet," or "toper," which ever qualification may be preferred.—*Cornhill Magazine.*

A NEW VERSION OF THE FLOOD.—Wm. Cullen Bryant writes as follows from Florida:

Save in the case of the very young, however, the schools have made but little impression upon the ignorance in which the colored race have been reared. Their worship in their churches gives evidence of this. Already, the other day, gave me an account of a sermon which she heard not long since in St. Augustine, as an example of their mode of embellishing Scripture history. The preacher had dwelt a while on the fall of man, and the act of his disobedience by which sin came into the world, and had got as far as the time of Noah. He then said:

"De world got to be berry wicked; de people all bad, and de Lord make up his mind to drown dem. But Noah was a good man, who read his Bible, and did just as de Lord tole him. And de Lord tole Noah to build a big ark, big enough to hole part of ebery ting alive on de earth. And Noah built it. And de Lord call upon ebery living ting to come into de ark and be saved. And the birds come flyin' to de ark, and de big lion, and de cow, and de possum come in, and horse come trotting to de ark, and de leetle worms come créepin in; but only de wicked sinners wouldn't come in, and dey laugh at Noah and his big ark. And den de rain come down in big spouts, and come up to de doo'step of de houses, and gin to cober de floo', and den de sinner be scaret, and knock at de doo' ob de ark berry hard. And de lion hear de racket, and roar, and de dog bark, and de ox bellow, but Noah keep on reading de Bible. And de sinner say, 'Noah, Noah, let us come in.' And Noah say, 'I berry sorry, but I can't let you in, for de Lord hab lock de doo' and trow away de key.'"

The New York *Times* says of our Minister to Japan:

We learn with pleasure that Mr. Chas. E. De Long, our Minister in Japan, is likely to be continued at the post which he has filled so acceptably not only to his own country and to his countrymen residing in Japan, but to the Japanese Government. A persistent effort has been made by a *Tribune* correspondent, of questionable character, aided by the English newspapers and diplomatic agents in Japan, to prejudice our Government, as well as the American people, against Mr. De Long. Before saying anything in his favor, we have taken measures to satisfy ourselves in reference to his character, and do not hesitate to say that we regard Mr. De Long as perhaps the best diplomat agent our Government has ever sent to Japan, and as the only one who has been able to contend successfully with the accomplished representatives of England. This opinion is indorsed by the leading American merchants in Japan, as fully appears from letters in our possession. A still more significant and important fact is that Soyoshima, the Japanese Minister of Foreign Affairs, has written a letter to Mr. Mori, Japanese Minister at Washington, by order of the Mikado, directing him to say that His Majesty indulges the hope "that Mr. De Long's resignation shall not be accepted, remains at his post permanently if possible." Mr. De Long could certainly desire no higher compliment, and the President no better reason for leaving Mr. De Long, where he is.

BOOK PRINTING IN CHINA.—The process of printing a book in China is somewhat as follows: Two pages are written by a person, trained to the business, on a sheet of thin paper, divided into columns by black lines, and in the place between the two pages are written the title of the work, and the number of the chapter and page; when the sheet has been printed, it is folded down through this space, so as to bring the title, &c., partly on each page. The sheet, when ready for printing, is pasted face downward on a smooth block of wood, made usually from the pear or plum tree. As soon as it is dry, the paper is rubbed off with great care, leaving behind an inverted impression of the characters. Another workman now cuts away all the blank spaces by means of a sharp graver, and the block, with the characters in high relief, passes to the printer, who performs his work by hand. The two points that he has to be most careful about are—to ink the characters equally with his brush, and to avoid tearing the paper when taking the impression. Proclamations, visiting cards, &c., are all printed in the same manner. An economical way of printing small handbills and advertisements for walls is to cut the characters in wax instead of wood; but they soon get blurred, and the printing from them is often almost illegible. From a good wooden block some 15,000 sheets can be printed, and when the characters have been sharpened up a little, it is possible to obtain 8,000 or 10,000 more impressions.—*Chamber's Journal.*

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

### Financial.

MONDAY EVENING, May 12, 1873.

Gold in New York to-day, 118¼.

Portland Legal Tender rates, 88½ buying; 89½ selling.

Gold bars are quotable at 89@ fine.

Wheat in Liverpool—Average California, 12s 1d, club, 12s 3d.

It will be seen that to-day's New York dispatches note another upward movement in gold, but at this distance, under the meager advices by telegraph, it is all conjecture as to the cause. Latest advices by mail indicate at the several monetary centers, rather more ease in the market as the spring advances, and many of our exchanges predict a permanent relaxation at an early day. This prediction has been made so often lately that we begin to think that no one has any well defined idea as to the time when the country will realize the desired ease. We find that business men here are inclined to believe that the money market will not close, for the most part, if not all of the present season. There are croakers who complain of hard times always, and these are especially loud in their denunciation of the circumstances of our country, just as they would be were they in any other quarter of the globe. Oregon and her people are not peculiarly unfortunate as to be the only place or community laboring under the pressure, nor from all accounts is that pressure as great here as in many other sections of the United States. The financial scarcity through which the country is now passing will not be without its good effects, if only it shall be the means of introducing more adequate ideas of economy in the people's heads. As wages and work decline, prices do correspondingly. People—especially laboring people—are in much the same condition in either case. But times when money is plenty, inculcate ideas of extravagance, so that really the amount laid by for the proverbial "rainy day" is rarely more than in times of scarcity like these. It is the loss of indulgences and luxuries which we now feel.

### Miscellaneous.

Thirty-three thousand pounds of California raisins will be shipped to England this season.

Only 26 vessels arrived at San Francisco from foreign and Atlantic ports in April, against 52 in the preceding month.

The wool imports of the United States last year amounted to about 100,000,000 pounds.

Telegrams from Singapore, of April 23d, report peppers at $14 35@14 60 ₱ picul, and none to be had, and nutmegs at $80. These advices have led to large transactions at New York at full rates. The market here is in full sympathy with the advance.

The steamer *Oneatta*, from Yaquina Bay, will probably arrive here in a few days, to go into service on the Wallamet.

The amount required for duties on imports at San Francisco in April were $517,177, being the least for the corresponding month for eight years.

### Shipping Intelligence.

The steamship Ajax will probably reach this port from San Francisco to-morrow, Tuesday night.

The Orient will carry a large freight of salmon and lumber for points down the river to San Francisco.

The Ajax is announced to sail hence for San Francisco next Friday afternoon.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—Arrived—Ship Tantallon, Callao; shooting Star, Nanaimo.

Sailed—Constitution, Panama; Ontro, Liverpool; Caserwitch, Melbourne; Ivanhoe, Coos Bay.

### Markets

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 12.—Flour—Firm at $5 25a6 for various brands of extra.

Wheat—Firm; $1 85@1 95 is asked for round lots of choice.

Oats—Supplies ample; prices favor buyers; nominal range—$2 10@2 20.

Hay—$12@?? ₱ ton.

Feed—Bran, $25; middlings, $? 50, oil cake meal, $30.

Potatoes—Tomales and Humboldt, 85c@1 25; New Mission, $1,75@2 25.

Dairy Products—Fresh roll butter, 22½@30c; cheese, 12½c for best dairy; eggs, 20a20c ₱ dozen for a kinds.

Wool—Sales of 100,000 lbs of fall clip, slightly burry, 15@16c; fair to good shipping grades, 17@20c; extra fine long staple, 21@22c.

Fruit—33,300 lbs strawberries arrived this morning; sales, 10@16c; cherries, 20@75c; Gooseberries, 9@18c.

### Home Produce Market.

Under this head to-day business has been light, owing doubtless to the fact that farmers are very busily engaged in getting in their spring crops, and will not take time to market the surplus of last year for awhile.

WHEAT—Market quiet but firm at $1 85@1 87½ ₱ cental delivered in sacks.

FLOUR—No unusual movement noticed; jobbing prices rather firmer at $5 ₱ bbl for extra of standard brands; good country brands, $4 50; fine, $4; superfine, $3 75.

OATS—Light receipts, and a fair demand keeps prices at about 85c ₱ bushel.

FEED—Shorts middlings, etc., rule at the old prices $27 50@30 ₱ ton; bran at $25. All kinds in fair demand.

BARLEY—Nominal quotations furnished at $1 40@1 50 ₱ hundred pounds.

HAY—Timothy (baled) $18 ₱ ton; loose, $15. Wild grass nodemand.

POTATOES—The supply continues good. Now at 2½c, and old at 3 55 ₱ lb.

ONIONS—Market bare; good lots would find ready sale at 8c ₱ lb.

APPLES—Receipts have fallen off greatly; best varieties out of date. Some lots of inferior still coming to hand and selling at fair figures.

BACON—We have no change to note in prices. The supply is good, and prices though firmer, show but little upward tendency.

BUTTER—The best brands of fresh dairy are the only demand, while common lots are in good supply. The range of prices is wide—from 15 to 35 cents being the rule according to quality.

EGGS—Nothing of importance to note; prices still dull at 16c ₱ doz.

POULTRY—Of chickens, both grown and spring, the supply is fair and prices low. Some lots of the former are offered at $4 ₱ dozen.

HIDES—Dealers here are doing a large business, and seem to be anxious buyers at current rates. Quotations rule steady at 6@7c ₱ lb for green, 15@17 for dry.

WOOL—Receipts light. But few buyers in the market [illegible] seem afraid to offer above 20 cents ₱ lb.

### General Notices.

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS—Mowers: Buckeye, new model, $130; Buckeye, No. 2, $140; Buckeye, No. 1, $155. Reapers: Buckeye Self-Raker, $160; Hand Rake, [illegible]; Buckeye Dropper, $220. Harvesters: Haines' Improved [illegible], 10 feet cut, $336; 12 feet cut, $355. The [illegible] Vibrator Thresher, 8 horse-mounted power, complete, $876; 10-horse mounted power, complete, $925; Sweepstakes, $550 to $825, with or without mounted power. Wagons: Mitchell-Wagon, with patent or square bounds and roller brake, 140 to $166; seats $5 extra.

BAGS AND BAGGING—Quotable for standard size, 19@20c as per quality and quantity; Flour Sacks, 11¾c; Burlap, per yard, 14a15c.

BOOTS AND SHOES—Portland made Fr calf p a d and t s boots, $7 25@?; Portland made kip boots, $6 50; K. & Co. B. B. B. extra French calf p a or t s boots, $7 2 @?5; J. K. & Co. favorite heavy calf, plain or quilted, boots, $6 3; J. K. & Co Standard's, standing edge boots, $5 4; gents' B. calf Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $3 5; gents' B. calf Prince Edward's face stitch boots, $3 5; gent's cable sewed Oxford ties, $3 0; gent's, gent foxed g'ove top Congress shoes, $4 4; men's Rund's adjustable lace boots, $3 5; men's buckle plow shoes, full stock, $4 7. Inferior grades at much lower quotations. Boys' Prince Albert's face stitch boots, $2 5 0; boys' Prince Edward's face stitch boots, $2 4 5; youths' cable sewed shoes, $1 9 50; youths' cable sewed Oxford ties, $1 8. Ladies' S. F. kid fox bals, $1 9 50a24; ladies' J. K. & Co. kid fox bals, $?a30; ladies' J. K. & Co. plain lasting bals, $2a2 30; ladies' Portland made calf bals, $2 6@2 7; ladies' buff pegged bals, $1 8 50. Misses and children's proportionately less.

BUILDING MATERIAL—Local demand dull at prices ranging, for rough lumber, $12@14; dressed, $2 @30; flooring, $24@28; lath, $3 per M; shingles, $2 50; Fencing, $16@ per M; sawed, $?@? per bale.

BROOMS—Common, $3@6 ₱ dozen: extra, $4@6.

CANNED GOODS—Oysters $3 50@4, Jams and Jellies $4 50; Los Angeles Honey, $4 50, Strawberries, $1 60; Raspberries, $4 75; Blackberries $4 00; Pine Apple, $3 50; Green Gages, $3 75@4; Peaches, $4 50@4 50; Fruits, $3@3 50; Green Peas, $3 50; Green Beans, $3 50; Lobsters, $3 50@3 75; Clams, $4; Green Corn, $3@3 25, Tomatoes, $3 25.

CANDLES—We quote market firm at 17@22c, full weight, light weight 18c.

OILS—Quotable in jobbing lots for Linseed, boils, 6c; Borax, [illegible]37; Blue Vitriol, 12½@13c; Potash Grantz, 12c; Soda, 6½; Epsom Salts, ₱ bbl, $12a15; Saltpetre, kegs, 18@20c; Sulphur, 8@10.

DRY GOODS—Standard drills, 15@16 cts; seconds, 13c; Sheeting, light, 13½c; medium, 12½c, standard, 14@ 15½c; house tning, 9½c, bleached sheeting, ¾, 9@10½c; do, ⅞, 13½c; do, 4-4, 12½@20c; cotton checks, 16a18c; linen checks, 15@20c; cambrics, 10c. Cotton flannel, bleached, 16a?; do, brown, 12½@18c. Cottonades, light, 20a25c; do, heavy, 26a40c. Denims, 15a20c. Hickory stripes, 1?½a25c, Standard prints, 11c; seconds, do, 9c. Delaines, 18a20c. Linseys, 20a30c. Ticks, ⅞, 14½a30c; do, ¼, 16a35c. Bear duck, 24c. Talma linen damask, brown, 25a55c; damask bleached, 50c@$1. Alpaca linen, 30a37½c. Backs, seamless, 35a40c. Alpaca, black, 25a75c. Waterproof, $1 10a1 25. Cash 10a15c. Ginghams—Domestic, 10a20c; Scotch, 22a30c. Lawns, 15a?? Portsiea, 25a30.

FRUITS (dried) AND PRESERVES—Apples, 5½a6c; packed, 7a7½c. Peaches, 12½a13c; Hungarian Prunes, 14c. Plums, pitless, 18a20c; Raisins, new crop, in bxs, $4 50; h f do, $5 50; quarter $6, eighth boxes, $?. Zante Currants, 14c, Oregon do 10a12c; Citron, 35a40c.

FISH—Cod, P ₱ lb, 4½c. Salmon, Mackerel, No. 1, ₱ bbl bbl, $14 75, do No 2 $13 00; do kits, No 1, $3 00; do No 2, $2 75; Salmon packed extra brands, h f bbl, $4 50a5, bbl, $7 50a8. Salmon brands, h f bbls, $4 00a4 25; bbls, $6 50a7 00. Canned spiced, fresh, 2 ₱ cans, $3 00 per doz; 1 ₱, $2 25. Sardines, qrs, $3, hfs $4 50 to 4 75.

LIQUORS—Our market, jobbing prices, is quotable for Bourbon whiskies $2 25@5; Rye do $2 50@4. Domestic do $1 30@2. Brandy—French brands $4@12, California brandy $3@8. California wheat whisky $1 37½ and the advance. Holland, $2 50@3; Old Tom, $2@3 50; Rum—P on, $3 50@5; Santa Cruz, $3 50@4 50; New England, $2@2 40; Jamaica, $4@8.

METALS—Market for jobbing lots for iron—Scotch and English pig reported in San Francisco, $36, refined bar, ₱ lb, 6½c; Sheet 14 to 20, 9½c; do 24 to 27, 10c. Copper—Sheeting, ₱ lb, 42c; do Yellow, 40c; do bronzed tinned, 53c; do old, 16c. Tin plate, Plates charcoal, IX per box, $19 50; do IC charcoal, $17 50; Roofing Plates, $17; Banca Tin slabs ₱ lb, 62½c. Steel—English cast steel ₱ lb 18c. Iron—Pig ₱ lb 3c 10c; Sheet 15c; Pipe 12. Bar 1¾@12½c. Zinc—Sheets ₱ lb 14c. Babbit metal, 30@40. Quicksilver, 95c. Pressed ware has advanced 25@50 ₱c.

NUTS—Almonds, 25@30c; Brazil, 20c; Filberts, 20c; Hickory, 20c; Peanut, 10c; Pecan, 28c; Walnuts, 15c.

RICE—China, 7¼@8c; Patna, 8c; Island 10c; Carolina, 12½.

ROPE—Market firm at 20c ₱ lb in jobbing lots.

SALT—Ground Rock, $18 ₱ ton; Carmen Island, $22 @23, Liverpool coarse, $25, fine, $30@37 50.

STARCH—The agents' rates, with the usual discount off to the trade are for Pearl, 9½c; pure, 12-lb boxes 10½c; 1 lb papers, 11½c; silver gloss, 6-lb boxes, 12½c; 1-lb papers, 13c; corn, 1 lb papers, 13c.

SPICES—Pepper and Allspice, in grain 25c; Cinnamon 45a50c; Cloves, 25@30c., Nutmegs, $1 20@1 25. Spices in glass Pepper, Ginger and Allspice, $1 60 ₱ doz, Cinnamon, $2. Mustard $1 75.

SUGARS—The market to-day is weak for Island at 9@9 10c; Yellow and Golden C, in bbls, 11@ 11½c; in 1/2 bbls ½c higher; Crushed, 13½a13¾c, 11½c; in half bbls ½c higher. Powdered, 13½a13¾c; in bbls, half bbls 13½a13¾c. Powdered, 13½a13¾c.

NAILS—Quotable 10 to 60d per keg, $6 75. 8d 25c per keg advance, 6d, 50c per keg advance, 4d and 5d, 75c per keg advance; cut spikes, 50c per keg advance on the keg advance; cut nails, finishing and brads, 50c per keg ad vance on same size of common nails; box nails 50c per keg advance on same size common nails.

OILS—We quote our market in jobbing lots for Boone's, 56c; Downer's, 60@65c. Standard, 50c; Crystaline (5 gal cans), 55c; Crystaline (2-gal cans) 55c.

PAINTS—We quote market in jobbing lots for Averill's chemical per gal, $2 75; Atlantic, 13¾@14, Bartlett, 11 cents; North River, 11; Greenbrier, 10½; French zinc s@12; North River, 11; Greenbrier, 10½; French zinc s@12; North River, 11; Greenbrier, 10½; French zinc s@12